



# **INTEGRATED REPORT 2024**

MARUYAMA MFG. CO., INC. Integrated Report 2024 For the Fiscal Year Ended September 2024





## Creating the next 100 years -All for the Future-

MARUYAMA MFG. CO., INC. was established in 1895.

We developed pumps using fire extinguisher technology and entered the agricultural and forestry fields.

While further developing pump technology, we have grown to develop engines on our own. One of our strengths is our integrated production and marketing, which encompasses all processes from development and production to sales, making proposals, and follow-up. In 2025, we will celebrate the 130th anniversary of our foundation.

Guided by our corporate motto, "Serve people and affairs with sincerity," we will continue to contribute to a more affluent society and aim for further sustainable growth through our business.

### **Company motto**

### Serve people and affairs with sincerity

### Management philosophy

### **Maruyama Again!**

- We will uphold the spirit of compliance and act with fairness and modesty.
- We will continue to be a company that is needed by society.
- We will establish the MARUYAMA brand that is always chosen by our customers by delivering trust, confidence, and security.
- We will pursue ideals and continue to provide new value to customers.
- We will stick to aiming for number one.







**Editorial Policy** 

Since 2023, MARUYAMA MFG. CO., INC. (the "Company") has published the Integrated Report, a comprehensive compilation of financial and non-financial information. in order to provide stakeholders with a better understanding of the value creation efforts of the MARUYAMA Group (the "Group").

The Integrated Report 2024 is composed of management and financial strategies, business strengths, reports on financial results, and ESG information on the environment, society, and corporate governance.

#### Period Covered

In principle, this report covers the fiscal year ended September 2024 (from October 2023 to September 2024), but activities before or after this period are also included in the report.

#### **Scope of Activities Covered**

In principle, MARUYAMA MFG. CO., INC. and its consolidated subsidiaries

#### Time of Issuance

#### **Reference Guidelines**

International Integrated Reporting Framework, IFRS

Guidance for Integrated Corporate Disclosure and Company-Investor Dialogue for Collaborative Value Creation, Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry

### Forward-Looking Statements and Other Notes

The future of the Company described in this report is based on currently available information.

It should be noted that the Company's financial results may differ from those described in this document due to various external factors that affect them. including the global economy, foreign exchange rate fluctuations, industry market conditions, and trends in capital investments

The purpose of this report is to provide information to investors and other stakeholders, and it is not a solicitation or recommendation to buy or sell shares or other securities of the Company

\*This integrated report has been tranlated into English from the Japanese original one, which was released in December 24, 2024.

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### **History of MARUYAMA**

In 2025, the Company will celebrate the 130th anniversary of its foundation. During this period, in order to meet the expectations of its stakeholders, the Company has firmly grasped the trends of the times and has taken appropriate and early actions to meet the needs of the times.

While responding to changes in the times, we will continue to contribute to the realization of sustainability by solving global social issues in the fields of food, water, and the environment through our core businesses of pumps and engines, as well as further expanding our existing businesses based on the core businesses with a view to achieving our Long-Term Management Vision 2030 and the 8th Medium-Term Management Plan.

1895

Started the production and sales of fire extinguishers.

MARUYAMA Shokai, the predecessor of the Company, was founded in Takada, Niigata Prefecture. It started the manufacturin and selling of fire extinguishers, which were not vet common in Japan.



1918

Started manufacturing and selling manual sprayers.

1935

Started manufacturing and selling power sprayers.

The Company's first power sprayer was This developed into many products to support agricultural



1937

**MARUYAMA Manufacturing** established.

MARUYAMA Shokai was reorganized to establish MARUYAMA MFG. CO., INC.

1952

Inage Plant was designated as a JIS authorized factory.

1954

Maruyama Netsu Nogu (currently NIPPON KREIS) established.

1956

Maruyama Shoji (currently MARUYAMA EXCELL)

1950

1958

MARUYAMA developed the world's lightest forced valve, high-speed power sprayer.

The weight of the power sprayer was reduced to 20-30 kg. The then world' lightest high-speed

1961

MARUYAMA was listed in the 2nd Section of the Tokyo Stock MARUYAMA developed the world's first backpack power

sprayer, "Cherry."

1962

MARUYAMA independently developed a carpet sprayer, stereo sprayer, boom sprayer, brushcutter. MARUYAMA independently developed a transfer machine.

1967

MARUYAMA developed an industrial pump.

1977

MARUYAMA was listed in the 1st Section of the Tokyo Stock Exchange.

1960

1986

MARUYAMA U.S., INC. established. SEIBU MARUYAMA established.

1987

MARUYAMA developed the industry's first, riding management machine, high-clearance boom sprayer, BSA-250.

1989

Tohoku MARUYAMA (currently MARUYAMA LOGISTICS)

1990

MARUYAMA independently developed an original 2-cycle

In response to growing demand for low-cost, lightweight, and compac machines, the Company developed its own highquality, low-cost engines



1994

The Inage Plant acquired ISO 9001 certification for its sprayers and industrial pumps.

1990

1995

Centennial of MARUYAMA'S

1996

The Togane Plant acquired ISO 9001 certification for its selfpropelled orchard sprayers and field sprayers.

1997

The functions of the Inage Plant were transferred and integrated into the Togane Plant, which was renamed the

2000

MARUYAMA developed a new environmentally friendly 2-cycle engine that passed the stata of California's emissions control standards.

The Chiba Plant acquired ISO 14001 certification.

At the Chiba Plant, as part of its activity policy, the Company is working to reduce the impact on the global environment. The validity of such efforts was examined by the Japan Quality Assurance Organization (JQA) for registration, and the Company acquired certification based on the ISO

2001

14001 international standards



2010

2003

2000

MARUYAMA established the industry's first Customer Support

2004

MARUYAMA launched an environmentally friendly fire extinguisher.

The Company developed an ecofire extinguisher that contained 40% or more recycled agents to reduce environmental impacts The Company established an integrated system that covere all processes from in-house

2008

MARUYAMA MFG (THAILAND) MARUYAMA (SHANGHAI) TRADING established

2015

2010

MARUYAMA independently developed chainsaw.

A fire extinguisher using a

"Eco-Mark Award 2010."

2012

MARUYAMA developed the

2013

MARUYAMA

launched its solar

power business.

recycled material, winning the

industry's first high-clearance

operator compartment

boom sprayer with an enclosed

120th anniversary of MARUYAMA'S foundation. ASIAN MARUYAMA (Thailand)

2016

Development of multirotors (drones).



2017

Development of high-clearance boom sprayer 3,000 L type

2019

MUFB product development Launched the 7th Medium-Term Management Plan (from the fiscal year ended September 2020 to the fiscal year ended September 2022).

2020

Formulated our brand statement.

Creating the next 100 years -All for the Future-

In order to expand services and enhance functions for customers. the Company relocated the following sales offices:

Office: Ohzumachi, Kikuchigun

**Kumamoto Sales** 

**Hokkaido Sales** Office: Ebetsu City





2022

Selected the Standard Market in the wake of the reorganization of the TSE, and shifted there.

Established MARUYAMA VIETNAM CO., LTD.

2023

INDIA PTE. LTD.

Developed MUFB

Coolant Solution

2024

**Longer Life Devices** 

**Established M-Innovations** 



The formulation of Long-Term Management Vision 2030, and the start of the 8th Medium-Term Management Plan (from the fiscal year ended September 2023 to the fiscal year ending September 2027).

Established MARUYAMA MFG

2021

2020

Yamanashi Sales Office: Fuefuki



Started selling MUFB Ultra Pump.

2022

Sales of MUFB Ultra Tap UT-080.

Sales of MUFB Showe

Head "habiller'



2025

The 130th anniversary



MARUYAMA'S strengths (products)

Japan

Agricultural pest control machinery



North **America** 

Carwash pump



The Company's products have a high market share in various fields.



**Engine brush cutters** 



### Value Creation Process of MARUYAMA

Social challenges Difficulties in procurement and soaring prices of materials

**Human resource and labor** shortages

Global food and water shortages

Antivirus measures

**Environmental problems** 

International political and

#### **INPUT BUSINESS OPERATIONS**

### Financial capital

Equity ratio: 50.8%

### Manufacturing capital

Production sites: 4 in Japan, 1 in Thailand, and 1 in India Capital investments: 1,565 million yen

### Human capital

Number of employees: 1,006

### Intellectual capital

Number of industrial property right applications filed in the 89th fiscal year: 5 patents, 0 utility models, 10 designs, and 7 trademarks in Japan; 7 patent applications and 3 designs abroad

Number of industrial property right holdings as of September 30, 2024: 234 patents, 0 utility models, 133 designs, and 124 trademarks in Japan; 176 applications filed abroad (73 patents and designs, and 103 trademarks)

### Social and related capital

25 sales offices in Japan and others in North America, China, Thailand, India, and

### Natural capital

Water, Iron, etc.

Company motto "Serve people and affairs with sincerity" Management philosophy "Maruyama Again!" Action guidelines "The heart of MARUYAMA"





The Group contributes to society through machinery needed in the agricultural, forestry, and industrial fields by developing products that will make customers say, "Maruyama Again!" as set forth in its management philosophy, and chose us again. By continuing to contribute to realizing a sustainable society through the manufacture of these products, the Group will work with customers to increase its value.

### **OUTPUT**

Cutting-edge machinery that protects nature and supports harvesting

Machinery for agriculture and forestry

- Power sprayers Brush cutters
- Engine sprayers Chainsaws Other

### Large scale

### Pump technology products innovating in future industries

#### Industrial machinery

- Industrial high-pressure pumps Pressure washers
- Ultra fine bubble

### **Business** segments

Reliable disaster risk reduction and hygiene products that protect safety and the environment

### Other machines

- Fire extinguishers Equipment related to
- disaster risk reduction Environmental hygiene equipmen

Effective use of land and buildings and creation

of sustainable energy

### Real estate leasing, etc.

• Real estate leasing



### **OUTCOME**

### World MARUYAMA aims for

 Creating a world in harmony with nature where people and the earth are full of smiles



### Long-Term Management Vision 2030

- Strengthening ESG management to help achieve SDGs
- Advancing into growth markets as a socially contributing company

### Creating value for society

- Delivering safe and secure food to the world
- Contributing to the conservation of limited water resources
- Protecting the environment and life, and realizing a carbonneutral society







What are the consolidated financial results for the fiscal year ended September 2024 (current fiscal year) and the outlook for the fiscal year ending September 2025?

The results for the fiscal year under review were disappointing, as they did not reach the figures we had projected at the beginning of the fiscal year. At the beginning of the fiscal year, there was no bad news expected in terms of annual trends, but in the industrial machinery business, despite strong sales of pumps for shale oil extraction in North America, the discovery of distribution stock of pumps for washers and the fact that sales for the domestic market did not grow as expected had significant impacts on business performance.

In agricultural and forestry machinery, while sales of self-propelled sprayers for orchards increased in Japan due to stable production and supply, and sales of brush cutters distributed at home centers remained strong, sales of some agricultural machinery did not grow as expected mainly due to the impact of price revisions. Regarding overseas, we aimed to expand sales of large scale pest control machines, but because of factors such as the easing of stay-at-home demand due to the COVID-19 pandemic and the adjustment of marketable inventories, net sales decreased 3.4% year on year to 40,006 million yen.

In terms of manufacturing costs, the Company was affected by high energy and material prices due to soaring raw material prices and the sharp depreciation of the yen. Despite the revision of product prices, there was an increase in selling, general, and administrative expenses due to the lifting of restrictions on activities during the COVID-19 pandemic, and as a result, operating income decreased 32.6% year on year to 1,168 million yen.

The 8th Medium-Term Management Plan (hereinafter referred to as the "Medium-Term Plan") launched in the fiscal year ended September 2023 is progressing slightly more slowly than expected. Accordingly, we are taking measures to recover from this delay. Based on these measures, we forecast consolidated net sales for the fiscal year ending September 2025 of 41,000 million yen (up 2.5% from the current fiscal year), and operating income for the same period of 1,200 million yen (up 2.7% from the current fiscal year).

# Please describe the Company's efforts to achieve the targets of the Medium-Term Plan

The fiscal year ended September 2023 was the first fiscal year of the Medium-Term Plan, and the fiscal year ending September 2027 is the final fiscal year. We aim to speed up progress and achieve our targets. As we have been affected by rising costs, we set up a specialized buyer team consisting of about 10 members during the current fiscal year in a way that suited the characteristics of our large and small products. We are working to reduce purchasing costs and expect to see positive results in the fiscal year ending September 2025.

Currently, we are working on five strategies to achieve the targets of the Medium-Term Plan. In terms of Improvement of profit margins, we are allocating resources primarily to capital investments and sales personnel related to industrial equipment with high profit margins. In the area of establishment of new businesses, we are entering the BtoC market with MARUYAMA ultra fine bubble (MUFB) products. In particular, we are working to raise the recognition level of the MARUYAMA Group and expand

sales by launching water spraying nozzles, hot-water washers, and other products that utilize MUFB technology. In terms of growth of overseas business, significant progress has been made in transferring the production of agricultural and forestry machinery from Japan to Thailand, and in addition, in India, preparations have been made to produce high-clearance boom sprayers for the Indian market, and discussions are ongoing with sales partners.

In the area of further growth of existing businesses, the Company is promoting the adoption of electronically controlled fuel injection (EFI) systems to improve the fuel efficiency of its two-stroke cycle gasoline engines, a specialty of MARUYAMA, and is also developing a four-stroke cycle gasoline engine, which will be launched in new markets in addition to the agricultural machinery market. Furthermore, the aging of the agricultural workforce in Japan is making laborsaving work an issue to be addressed, and we are promoting the smart use of pest control machine, which is MARUYAMA'S main product of smart agriculture. We are working to reduce the amount of agricultural chemicals used through the proper spraying of agricultural chemicals and to reduce the work load by making sprayers ridable. The pest control machine, Shuttle Sprayer is also being planned to market overseas, and it is being developed for the Netherlands, where greenhouse farming is prosperous. We also aim to become a comprehensive manufacturer of pest control machines mainly by specializing in the use of drones for pest control and strengthening the aftermarket to respond to the prolonged use of aircraft. In particular, the timing of pest control is fixed, and maintenance before breakdown is being strengthened under the concept of "Before Maintenance" so that agricultural machines can function optimally in a timely manner. As the number of corporate farmers has increased, covering about 30% of the area planted in Japan, we will strive to provide easy-to-use agricultural machinery.

With regard to strengthening of financial structure, human resource development, and risk management, we

Priority issues in the 8th Medium-Term Management Plan (creation of growth businesses)

- 1. Improvement of profit margins
- 2. Establishment of new businesses
- 3. Growth of overseas business
- 4. Further growth of existing businesses
- 5. Strengthening of financial structure, human resource development, and risk management

will step up our efforts to reduce inventories, establish a sustainability policy, select materiality (priority issues), and set up KPIs to contribute to society. We will also step up our efforts for health and wellness management and hope that our employees will play an active role in business operations.

Strengthening the management foundation is important for achieving the goals of the Medium-Term Plan. How is the Company working to strengthen corporate governance in particular?

In December 2015, we shifted to a company with an audit and supervisory committee, and as of the end of September 2024, we have three outside directors. We plan to have

We will contribute to solving social issues by advancing the 8th Medium-Term Management Plan, which is a set of concrete measures to realize the Long-Term Management Vision 2030.

one female outside director appointed in December 2024. As for corporate governance, as shown in the structure diagram on page 34 of this report, we have set up various committees and the Management Meeting to establish a governance system comparable to that of companies listed on the Prime Market.

The Company is in the process of strengthening its governance from both an offensive and defensive perspective. In terms of aggressive governance, we provide organizational support to achieve the goals of the Medium-Term Plan, and in terms of defensive governance, we are promoting the globalization of internal controls in line with business development and holding in-depth discussions at the Board of Directors about the sophistication and risks of BCM

In order to evaluate the effectiveness of the Board of Directors, we conduct a questionnaire survey of each Director. The issues identified include the gender composition of the Board of Directors, responses to the globalization of business, and the fostering of successors, and we are working on each of these issues. In addition, issues requiring immediate improvement are presented. One example is that materials for the Board of Directors are often distributed just before the meeting, pressing Directors to examine complicated problems in a short period of time. We are also strengthening the functions of the Board of Directors by transferring authority to the Executive Officers Committee and the Management Meeting.

Moreover, we are promoting efforts to foster successors by, for instance, providing executive candidates with hands-on management experience at affiliated companies

During the fiscal year ended September 2024, as mentioned at the beginning of this report, the pace of progress in the Medium-Term Plan was lagging, and therefore, in the fiscal year ending September 2025, we intend to make up for the lag by proceeding with

appropriate measures through repeated discussions to achieve the targets.

How does the Company plan to work on action to implement management that is conscious of cost of capital and stock price?

At present, PBR is around 0.5 times, and we are working to achieve 1 time or more. PBR is expressed as the product of ROE and PER. In order to improve ROE, we consider it important to switch to high-margin industrial machinery, strengthen growth businesses such as MUFB technology, and bolster overseas businesses, particularly in North America and Asia. With respect to PER, we will further step up IR activities, increase the frequency of communicating non-financial information in addition to financial information, and hold more active dialogues with investors to deepen capital markets' understanding of us. We will also step up information disclosure in English and promote dialogues with overseas institutional investors. We have been purchasing our own shares since 2021. As of November 8, 2024, we had acquired 600,000 shares in an effort to reduce our net assets.

The basic policy for dividends is to ensure profit distribution through continued, stable dividend payment taking into account various indicators such as the dividend on equity (DOE) ratio while using a dividend payout ratio of 25-30% as a guideline. As a result of our efforts to return profits to shareholders during the current fiscal year in line with this policy, we paid an annual dividend of 75 yen per share, the same as in the previous fiscal year. Based on the amount of dividend paid, the dividend payout ratio



is 53.0%, but this is the result of taking into consideration the consolidated financial results for the fiscal year under review, and there

is no change to the basic policy on profit distribution.

In order to continuously make MARUYAMA deeply understood, we will further step up dialogues with shareholders and investors and disclose information at financial results briefings and other events in a timely manner, while making all-out efforts for information disclosure in English to overseas institutional investors to increase the percentage of shares held by them.

somewhat slow, and we are taking measures to speed up the pace in the future.

In April 2024, amid the rapid spread of IT, we established M-Innovations CO.,LTD. specializing in the IT field, in recognition of the need to accelerate business and technological innovation faster than ever before. Aiming to serve as a model of IT promotion for SMEs and enterprises of middle standing in Japan, we aim to further contribute to society.

### Please describe the Company's efforts to achieve the targets of the Medium-Term Plan and realize the Long-Term Management Vision 2030.

Under the Long-Term Management Vision, in order to solve social issues in the areas of food, water, and the environment through our core business, we are working to improve agricultural productivity, conserve water resources using MUFB technology, and protect the environment by reducing CO<sub>2</sub> emissions. Reducing CO<sub>2</sub> emissions, in particular, has major impacts on climate change. In Scope 2, the Company aims to reduce CO<sub>2</sub> emissions by 50% compared with those in the fiscal year ended September 2020. We support the TCFD declaration and will contribute to this goal by expanding sales of our battery products. In addition, we are actively creating opportunities for women to play an active role and aim to have seven female managers.

As mentioned earlier, the pace of progress toward the achievement of the Medium-Term Plan is currently

## What is your message to shareholders, investors, and other stakeholders?

In 2020, the Company established its brand statement, "Creating the next 100 Years - All for the Future," and in order to continue to be a company that looks hard at what things will be like 100 years later, all its officers and employees are working together to put into practice the code of conduct "The heart of MARUYAMA" and take on the challenge of securing a better future. The Medium-Term Plan clarifies the path to realize the statement, and we will push forward to achieve the goal.

I aim to have our customers, shareholders, investors, and other stakeholders who surround us feel that the MARUYAMA Group is a corporate group that is indispensable to and needed by society.

Guided by the Company's motto, "Serve people and affairs with sincerity," we are determined to steadily grow step by step. Your continued support and guidance in the Company's activities would be appreciated.

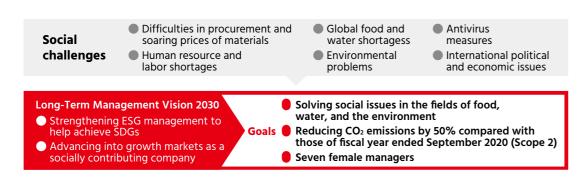
November 24, 2024

Representative Director and President Takaharu Uchiyama

# Progress of the Long-Term Management Vision 2030 and the 8th Medium-Term Management Plan

### Aim of the Long-Term Management Vision 2030

Since its establishment, the Company has contributed to customers by manufacturing machinery for agriculture, forestry, and industry. However, social issues such as labor shortages and environmental changes as represented by climate change are required to be resolved as the Company advances its business. In October 2022, the Company established its long-term management vision for 2030 and set three goals to contribute to solving the social issues. As a concrete measure to achieve the three goals, we formulated the 8th Medium-Term Management Plan in the fiscal year ended September 2023.



## Progress of the 8th Medium-Term Management Plan

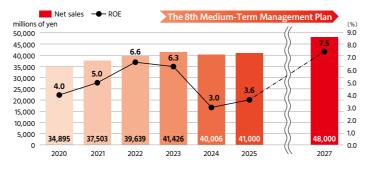
In October 2022, the Company launched its 8th Medium-Term Management Plan, which ends in the fiscal year ending September 2027. Aiming to achieve the plan's concept of "creating growth businesses," we have implemented a variety of initiatives with the goals of net sales of 48,000 million yen, operating income of 2,800 million yen, and ROE of 7.5% in the final fiscal year.

In the fiscal year ended September 2024, two years after the start of the plan, net sales were 40,006 million yen (down 3.4% year on year), operating income was 1,168 million yen (down 3.6% year on year), and ROE was 3.0% (down 3.6 percentage points year on year). Overseas sales accounted for 25.1% of total net sales, up from 25.6% in the same period of the previous fiscal year.

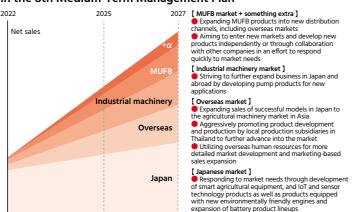
With the aim of realizing "Creating the next 100 years - All for the Future," the brand statement we formulated in 2020, we are developing businesses in the food, water, and environmental markets based on the technological capabilities we have accumulated since our foundation. In the future, we will expand into Asian markets where population growth and economic development are expected and where we can draw on our experience, and by the final fiscal year of the plan, we aim to increase our overseas sales ratio to 35%.

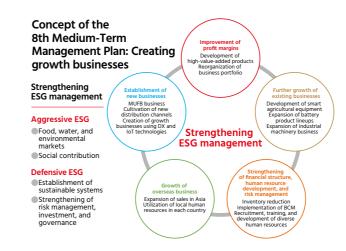
### Goals of the 8th Medium-Term Management Plan

Unit: millions of yen	Results for the fiscal year ended September 2024	Targets for the fiscal year ending September 2025	Targets for the fiscal year ending September 2027
Net sales	40,006	41,000	48,000
Operating income	1,168	1,200	2,800
ROE	3.0%	3.6%	7.5%



## Conceptual diagram of business growth in the 8th Medium-Term Management Plan

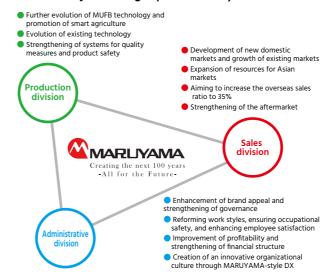




Based on the concept of the plan "Creating growth businesses," while strengthening our ESG management, we are striving to (1) improve profit margins, (2) establish new businesses, (3) pursue overseas business growth, (4) work on further growth of existing businesses, and (5) strengthen the financial structure, human resource development, and risk management.

By promoting this plan, we are envisioning business growth in 2027. As a foundation for growth, we will introduce smart agricultural equipment and products that utilize IoT and sensor technology to solve issues in the Japanese market. We will also sell agricultural equipment that will contribute to solving local market issues, particularly in Asia. In addition, we will expand our business in Japan and abroad by developing pump products for new applications in the industrial machinery market. Furthermore, we will advance the development of products that utilize MUFB technology by ourselves and in collaboration with other companies and swiftly introduce them into the market.

### Each division's initiatives in the 8th Medium-Term Management Plan (from fiscal year ended September 2023 to the fiscal year ending September 2027)



### Strategy of the 8th Medium-Term Management Plan

### 1 Improvement of profit margins

Specifically, in addition to efforts to develop highvalue-added products such as MUFB products, we are focusing our resources on the high-margin industrial machinery field, thus reorganizing our business portfolio, and we aim for an operating income margin of 5.8% in the final fiscal year, up from 3.8% in the fiscal year ended September 2022.

### 2 Establishment of new businesses

We will add MUFB products such as showerheads to our product lineups, which were mainly targeted at corporate clients, and work to develop new sales channels for non-business consumers and create new growth businesses utilizing DX and IoT technologies.

#### **6** Growth of overseas business

In the Asian agricultural machinery market that has become active in recent years, we are striving to expand sales of models that have been successful in Japan. At the same time, we are actively developing and manufacturing new products by making the most of the capabilities of our local production subsidiary in Thailand. We are working to expand sales by utilizing local human resources in each country and conducting more detailed market development and marketing.

### Further growth of existing businesses

In the agricultural machinery field, which accounted for approximately 75% of net sales in the fiscal year ended September 2022, we are striving to develop smart agricultural equipment, products that apply IoT and sensor technologies, and products equipped with new environmentally friendly engines and expand our battery product lineup. In the field of industrial machinery, we will work to further expand our business in Japan and abroad by developing pump products for new applications.

## **3** Strengthening of financial structure, human resource development, and risk management

We are strengthening our financial structure by drastically reviewing the management methods for inventories of both products and parts and working to reduce such inventories. We are also upgrading and implementing business continuity management (BCM) to avoid various risks. We will strive to recruit, train, and develop a wide variety of human resources to expand our business operations in the future.



By adding new businesses to its portfolio focused on pumps, engines, and disaster risk reduction products, MARUYAMA aims to attain the targets set in the 8th Medium-Term Management Plan and achieve growth in the next 100 years.

### Takahiro Ishimura

Senior Managing Director, Director of Sales Division, and General Manager of Domestic Sales Department

We are striving for creation of growth businesses, a key challenge in the 8th Medium-Term Management Plan (hereinafter referred to as the "Medium-Term Plan"), which was launched in the fiscal year ended September 2023. I will explain the progress in each of the five priority issues as the Sales Division works to achieve its targets.

### Improvement of profit margins

We are currently reforming our business portfolio to improve the profit margins of our existing businesses. Due to its high reputation for quality, durability, and service and maintenance, the Company holds a high share of the North American car wash pump market, at 80%.

In addition, in order to enhance our reputation in the North American market, we transferred the industrial machinery business of our subsidiary MARUYAMA EXCELL CO.,LTD. to the Company in 2019, when the previous Medium-Term Management Plan was launched. In North America, Cat Pumps, an American company, has been in charge of selling pumps made by MARUYAMA since 1968.

In the fiscal year ending September 2025, we will launch new pumps for car washes to the market to further strengthen the industrial machinery business.

In order to market in Japan pumps that are highly regarded in North America as described above, we have assigned a specialist in the industrial machinery field to each

branch office. Also, we plan to launch new products in the fiscal year ending September 2025, thus achieving further growth in the industrial machinery business. We have 25 sales offices nationwide and utilize a meticulous follow-up system to ensure that customers can choose MARUYAMA with confidence.

The Company is working to expand sales of products using MARUYAMA ultra fine bubble (MUFB) technology in both the industrial and agricultural fields. MUFB is a fine foam of less than one micrometer in size, but it is characterized by its excellent cleaning and sterilization capabilities and low environmental impact. In 2022, we began developing MUFB-spec showerheads to enter the BtoC market, which is different from the traditional agricultural sector. These showerheads are used in luxury hotels in Japan because of their high performance. In addition, we sell agricultural machines that utilize MUFB, and therefore, we first sell showerheads to farmers, and



U.S. car washer using MARUYAMA'S pump



Raising seedlings using MUFB

after they experience the benefits of MUFB, we expand sales of agricultural machinery. One example is the adoption of MUFB products by tomato farmers in Hokkaido through word-of-mouth communication. In this way, we will work to further expand MUFB sales by consolidating multifaceted data on MUFB.

### Establishment of new businesses

Since the founding, we have been involved in the development and sales of agricultural and forestry machinery, and industrial machinery through the development of pumps and engines. In order to achieve growth in the next 100 years, we have set the establishment of new businesses as one of the priority issues in the Medium-Term Plan.

We have been developing business mainly in the BtoB market, but we intend to enter the BtoC market in the years to come. Through EC, we are already selling showerheads and battery-powered equipment using MUFB technology as well as parts for agricultural and forestry machinery with the aim of building new sales channels. In connection with this effort, we are concentrating management resources at Fine Bubble Tech Corporation, our unconsolidated subsidiary, for purposes such as developing MUFB products and researching the scope of application for MUFB technology.

Furthermore, the COVID-19 pandemic has changed the way we conducted sales from visiting customers to focusing on online sales, and it has become especially important to interact with customers remotely. For this reason, we are developing a background system that will enable us to implement online the carefully thoughtout sales style that MARUYAMA has built up to now. For agricultural machinery customers in particular, remote seminars are held online, and the frequency of meetings is higher than in the past when in-person seminars took place.

### Growth of overseas business

Food production in Asian markets is expected to increase as the population increases in the future. After entering the market in Thailand in 2008, MARUYAMA advanced into India, the world's most populous country, in 2023 and has established a production and sales system for agricultural machinery there.

By dispatching sales and design personnel to India from Japan, we worked to build sales and production systems, and December 2024 saw the establishment of a mass production system. In terms of sales operations, in addition to participating in exhibitions tailored to local business practices, we are building a service network focused on certain regions by partnering with local companies through utilization of social media.

In Thailand, we are advancing the production of agricultural and forestry machinery, and the Company's technological capabilities are improving enough to produce key parts for the Company's products other than pumps. Our Thai subsidiary, which manufactures and sells agricultural machinery in the country, has grown into a leading presence in Asia and is striving to work with MARUYAMA'S subsidiary in India.

In the field of industrial machinery, we are working with Cat Pumps to develop production capacity and new products in order to further upgrade our strong track record of car wash pumps in North America. In Europe, we are further opening up new markets by introducing our battery-powered mowers and other products, as mowers used for parks and other public facilities are changing from engine-powered ones to electric-powered ones in France and Germany.

In the Medium-Term Plan, we aim to increase the ratio of overseas sales to 35% or more in the fiscal year ending September 2027 and are conducting market research in Asian countries other than Thailand and India.



**Exhibition in India** 



After-sales service

### Further growth of existing businesses

In our existing businesses, agricultural and forestry machinery accounts for 70% or more of net sales. In Japan, however, the aging of agricultural and forestry workers is a major issue to be addressed. In order to meet these needs, we are actively promoting the smart use of machines and saving labor.

We are also promoting automation and radio control to reduce the burden of farm work. Tests are being conducted on vast farms so that large agricultural machines can be operated from a distance without having to ride on them.

As for agricultural chemical spraying from drones, we have developed small pumps for drones using our pump technology and are selling specialized pumps to drone

developers and manufacturers.

Moreover, since 2016, we have stepped up our aftermarket operations and achieved significant results. If the customers' mainstay agricultural and forestry machinery breaks down and becomes unusable, it will have a major impact on their earnings. Therefore, we monitor the frequency of use of each machine purchased and its changes over time, and plan and implement maintenance before it breaks down to prevent any disruption to farming operations. In terms of industrial machinery, we divide the aftermarket operations into those involving systems in which MARUYAMA'S products are incorporated and those involving general-purpose products such as washers and work to ensure that maintenance is carried out before failures occur.



### Strengthening of financial structure, human resource development, and risk management

We have the functions of both manufacturing and sales. We grasp the usage status of customers' machines and secure inventories for the sale of new machines. However, by anticipating potential sales volumes and promoting production, we are striving to reduce inventories and maintain appropriate levels of inventories.

The performance of employees is an important factor for the growth of the Group, and we are promoting multifaceted initiatives to enhance our human capital. In particular, in order to enhance our human resources, we are hiring more experienced people in addition to new hires. We annually invest 991 million yen in training employees by job type to help them to demonstrate their abilities.



We aim to achieve the goals of the Medium-Term Plan by constantly focusing our attention on new information, strategically narrowing down our target, and further strengthening manufacturing operations.

# Kosuke Ohira Managing Director, Director of Production Division, and General Manager of Chiba Plant

The production division is strategically implementing the initiatives specified below in order to achieve the priority issues set forth in the 8th Medium-Term Management Plan for the creation of growth businesses.

### Improvement of profit margins

In the production division, we are making efforts to enter the domestic market for pumps in the industrial machinery department in an effort to improve profit margins. The Company has an 80% share of the car wash market in North America through joint efforts with Cat Pumps and is developing for domestic use systems that include not only a pump but also other devices. Our pumps have excellent pressure resistance and durability, and we are developing new hot water washers. SEIBU MARUYAMA CO,INC. a group company, plays a central role in the industrial machinery department, and in the fiscal year ending September 2025, we will add washers and hot water washers to our lineup.

Along with product development, total cost reduction is also an important factor in improving profit margins. As material costs continue to rise sharply in recent years, in addition to shifting production overseas, we are making all-out efforts for numerical control to improve productivity at our plants, and at the Chiba Plant, our main plant, we have achieved a penetration rate of almost 100%.

On October 1, 2024, we announced the Declaration of Partnership Building as promoted by Nippon Keizai Dantai Rengokai, Keidanren (Japan Business Federation),

the Japan Chamber of Commerce and Industry, and the Japan Association of Corporate Executives, and we will strive to create further value added in the entire supply chain by discussing with some 400 business partners periodically.

### Establishment of new businesses

MARUYAMA aims to establish new businesses by introducing DX and IoT technologies into the agricultural machinery department. As the aging of the agricultural workforce continues, we are targeting automation and labor-saving in particular for the fiscal year ending September 2025. We are conducting field research on automatic spraying of our mainstay product, the Shuttle Sprayer. We are also developing products to solve our customers' labor-saving concerns such as automation in greenhouses where GPS signals do not reach and signs that are hidden by the growth of plants. For this reason, we



Demonstration of a smart shuttle

are hiring engineers with sensor technology and electrical equipment technology.

Failure of agricultural machinery can cause serious damage to growing plants. In order to prevent this from happening, we are promoting maintenance of machines before they break down under the concept of "Before Maintenance." In particular, since the high-clearance boom sprayer tends to have a low maintenance rate, we have set up a system to monitor the operating status of machines by installing an IoT sensor to receive data on operating hours and perform maintenance before failures occur.

As a new business within the Company, we are working on projects such as improving productivity at production sites by using cameras for checking and automatic measurement, and managing data in the processing department in an integrated manner.



Thai Plant



Machining center at the Thai Plant

### **Growth of overseas business**

In addition to promoting the overseas marketing of industrial machinery, MARUYAMA is expanding its lineup of agricultural and forestry machinery, mainly in Asian countries

In Thailand, we began to produce small mowers in 2008, and as the transfer of production progressed, our Thai business has grown into a company with a capacity of producing over 30,000 units a month, mainly two-cycle engines and brush cutters. We will continue to focus on improving productivity and pay particular attention to automation and labor-saving.

We consider India as an important base where we expect the most growth and aim to start mass production there in December 2024.

Agricultural machinery is greatly affected by the local environment and requires the development of machines that suit the needs of agricultural land. In Thailand and India, we have put in place systems to meet these needs.

The R&D Center in Vietnam, which was established in 2022, is engaged in product design and is developing a two-cycle engine for the Asian market with a target fiscal year set at fiscal year ending September 2025.

### Further growth of existing businesses

Agriculture and forestry machinery, which accounts for 70% of the Company's net sales, is greatly affected by the aging of the agricultural and forestry workforce. Developing smart agricultural equipment based on the concept of automation and labor-saving is an urgent issue to be addressed. Our pumps are playing an active role in agricultural chemical spraying using drones, and the Company sells pumps to manufacturers of agricultural equipment.

Because the conditions are different in each cultivated field, the automation of agricultural machinery



Drone for spraying agricultural chemicals

cannot be solved simply by attaching a GPS or camera to the machine. We are working on the development of machines that integrate with the field.

For industrial machinery, we are moving ahead with plans to introduce in Japan pumps for car washes, which boast a market share of over 80% in the United States, and commercializing them for the disaster risk reduction market in which MARUYAMA excels by combining pumps with reverse osmosis (RO) membranes.

Although the Company's original hydrogen engine, which utilizes two-cycle engine technology, is technically complete, we are working to solve problems for mass production.

### Strengthening of financial structure, human resource development, and risk management

The Production Division is engaged in human resource development and has so far accepted 10 technical interns from Vietnam and two from Thailand. As we continue to expand our Asian market, we look forward to seeing their success in the country in the future.

In terms of diversity, we are particularly promoting the acceptance of people with disabilities, and currently have four employees with disabilities working at the Chiba

Because human resource development is essential for the Company's growth, we have hired specialist consultants from outside for training in the 5S (seiri [organization], seiton [tidiness], seiso [cleaning], seiketsu [cleanness], and shitsuke [discipline]) so that these practices become an integral part of daily operations. Strengthening employee education also helps prevent work-related accidents.



Working scene of a technical intern trainee

### Intellectual capital

In ongoing research and development projects, we consider it as necessary to secure intellectual property early. It may be too late to file an application after the technology has been proven, but there is a risk that we cannot revise the application if it is filed too early. Basically, we believe that intellectual capital is tied to products, and we look at the appropriate timing for application.

### **Capital investments**

The Chiba Plant, the Company's key plant, is focusing on automation and labor-saving to improve productivity, and the Company invested 1,225 million yen in the fiscal year ended September 2024. The breakdown is as follows. As capital investment for in-house production, 739 million yen was invested to increase the production capacity of pumps and 440 million yen for painting machines. In addition, we are in the process of restructuring to improve the production capacity in the Chiba area. As a first step, we are planning to construct a technology building as an R&D center.





We aim to create an organization in which members will not be satisfied with the current status, actively take on new challenges, and communicate their opinions.

Makoto Takatori

**Managing Director** and Director of Administration Division

I will explain our financial and personnel initiatives to achieve the 8th Medium-Term Management Plan (hereinafter referred to as the "Medium-Term Plan").

### Financial issues and measures

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In 2025, the Company will celebrate the 130th anniversary of its foundation. On the financial front, the equity ratio has been stable, at 50% or more. This is due to the fact that we have earned the trust of our customers over the years, and we will continue to do so as a major strength. Because our products are used by customers for a long period of time, we have another strength in our business foundation that enables us to realize non-financial creating shared value (CSV) as a social contribution company that can combine

social value with economic

value issues related to

On the other hand, there are management profitability and capital efficiency. In terms of profitability, in addition to the low level of profit margins and the associated need to improve capital efficiency, the challenge is a deterioration in cash flows that results from

to partner companies. As we are still seeing a slight impact of inventories held due to the disruption caused by the COVID-19 pandemic, we will strive to improve cash flows by reducing inventories and converting them into cash, thereby increasing free cash flows.

In terms of improving profit margins, we were unable to flexibly optimize selling prices amid the rapid changes in the procurement of materials and other aspects of the business environment, and this is a point to be improved. Moreover, there are issues to be addressed in the operation and productivity of the production division, and we are proceeding with structural reforms such as optimizing personnel and improving the equipment operating rate by reinforcing the production capacity. This requires a system for grasping costs in real time, and we are working with the Chiba Plant staff to address this issue.

### Reforming our business portfolio to improve profitability

In our business portfolio, the agricultural and forestry machinery segment has a large market share and is the cornerstone of our business foundation. However, the



Ultra fine bubble shower head

agricultural and forestry machinery and increase the volume of industrial machinery at the same time.

For agricultural and forestry machinery, we are working to reduce production costs, enhance high-valueadded products such as smart agriculture, and strengthen the aftermarket. In the field of industrial machinery, we are expanding new businesses such as MUFB and reverse osmosis (RO) membranes and are stepping up efforts to develop new distribution channels, while strengthening our BtoC business by upgrading MUFB showerheads and other

In addition, overseas markets are expected to grow in the future. Our overseas sales accounted for about 25.1% of total net sales in the fiscal year ended September 2024, but we aim to increase this to 35% in the final fiscal year of the Medium-Term Plan.

### Capital policy

So far, we have selected the Standard Market, but we aim to build a financial structure that is comparable to that of companies listed on the Prime Market. By the standards of the Prime Market, the PBR of 1 time is a high hurdle to overcome. As of the end of November 2024, the Company's PBR was just over 0.4 times.

By steadily implementing the business growth strategy as set forth in the Medium-Term Plan, we will first establish a structure to generate an ordinary income of 2 billion yen or more in a stable manner, thus paving the way for earning an operating income of 2.8 billion yen in the final fiscal year of the Medium-Term Plan.

In addition, we acquired treasury stock twice in order to improve capital efficiency and further enhance shareholder returns. A total of 130,000 shares were repurchased as of May 22, 2024, and 40,200 shares were repurchased as of September 30, 2024, bringing the total number of treasury shares to 809,817 as of September 30, 2024. In this way, we will present our current initiatives to achieve the targets of the Medium-Term Plan to the capital market and promote the optimization of stock prices with the understanding of institutional and individual investors.

advancing the development of smart machinery. At the same time, we plan to further strengthen research and development to increase the production capacity of the Chiba Plant and construct a technology building within the plant to develop original products. In order to step up our efforts to develop overseas markets, we are investing in Thailand and India to improve production capacity. For this purpose, we are also considering M&A and gathering information on overseas markets.

M-Innovations CO.,LTD. which was established in April 2024, has begun studying the construction of the next mission-critical system and will enhance the coordination of the current three key systems of sales, production, and accounting to improve productivity at work sites.

In all cases, we will focus on visualizing return on investment (ROI) and developing investment strategies that prioritize and allocate resources.

### Revitalization of human capital

For many years, we have been working with a small number of highly qualified employees, but in order to reduce the risk of work becoming personal, we have assigned core human resources from each department across all departments to develop well-balanced human resources. Our middleclass personnel are trained so that they grow into those with a spirit of challenge. MARUYAMA'S products are often used by women, and therefore, in order to secure the perspective of product users, we are building a system that enables women to work actively in a stable manner.

Employees are the source of the Group's growth, and we have clearly established a cooperative relationship with them by setting evaluation systems and targets for each employee so that they can work with high motivation. At the same time, it is important to strengthen performance evaluators who evaluate employees.

In addition, as we recognize that it is important for employees to be able to work healthily, we have stepped up our efforts for health management ahead of other companies since 2021, and we are working on this throughout the entire Group.

### **Promotion system**



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the rationalization of **Investment plans** Pressure washer to commemorate inventories and the review industrial machinery segment has an overwhelmingly high the 130th anniversary of the terms of payment profit margin, and we need to improve the profitability of As an area that supports the Company's growth, we are Limited to 1,300 units

### **Status by Segment**

#### Trends in net sales and Initiatives to create growth Share of net sales **Products handled** operating income businesses In response to the aging of farmers, we are promoting automation of machines and the use Power sprayers of radio control devices to reduce the burden of Net sales Engine sprinklers farm work. We are conducting tests on actual farms (millions of year 33,000 Large scale sprayers to make it possible to operate large agricultural machines without riding on them, and are aiming to Brush cutters Machinery for commercialize them. Machinery We monitor the frequency of use and Other forestry for changes over time of each machine in order to maintain the machine before it breaks down so that agriculture > it can function properly in a timely manner. and Net sales Utilizing MARUYAMA'S pump technology, 30,238 million yen forestry we have developed a liquid-spraying multi-rotor (2024/9) 1.227 equipped with a pump mounted on a drone. Together with conventional pest control equipment, we are developing equipment aimed at becoming a comprehensive pest control manufacturer. •R&D-related expenses: 986 million yen (fiscal year ended September 2024) MARUYAMA'S pumps are highly regarded for their •Industrial high-pressure pumps high quality and durability, as witnessed by the fact Pressure washers that they have an approximately 80% share of the Oltra fine bubble products car wash market in the United States. In order to promote such highly trusted pumps in the Japanese market, we aim to develop and sell pumps as income equipment, not as a single pump. In addition to developing washers that utilize Industrial MUFB technology, we are developing new markets machinery by introducing the MUFB-generated "habiller" Net sales showerhead into the BtoC market. In response to the increasing severity of natural disasters, we are developing equipment that utilizes reverse osmosis (RO) membranes to secure domestic water during ·R&D-related expenses: 140 million yen (fiscal year ended September 2024) Based on our philosophy of "contributing to society with a safer fire extinguisher for the environment," we Fire extinguishers developed a fire extinguisher using a forged aluminum ●Equipment related to disaster valve body with improved airtightness, corrosion risk reduction resistance, and strength. Environmental hygien The Company's gas-liquid mixing sprayer utilizes 6.9% Other its proprietary ULV spray nozzle technology to produce and spray finer particle size mist through gas-liquid machines Net sales mixing. Because of its battery power feature, users can work both indoors and outdoors while carrying the (2024/9) sprayer on their back. In addition to direct spraying, it can also spray chemicals into space with fine mist. ·R&D-related expenses: 20 million yen (fiscal year ended September 2024) Real estate leasing Real estate leasing Real estate leasing: We lease our land to retail Electric power sales business business operators and secure stable earnings. Real estate **Electric power sales business:** Solar power is leasing, generated on the Company-owned land, producing Net sales etc. 489.9 thousand kWh per year (fiscal year ended 423 million yen September 2024).

### \*Net sales by segment include intersegment transactions, and operating income is the amount before adjusting company-wide expenses, etc.

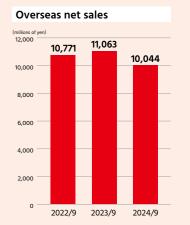
(2024/9)

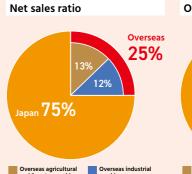
### Status of Overseas Business

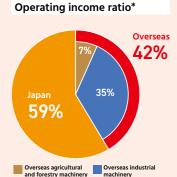
## Initiatives to expand overseas business

In the 8th Medium-Term
Management Plan, we have set
our target overseas net sales ratio
at 35%, working to expand our
resources in the Asian market, such
as the establishment of new bases
in India and Vietnam.

In the U.S. market, we are making aggressive capital investments, with expectation of increasing demand for industrial pumps.







\*Operating income is the amount before adjusting company-wide expenses, etc.

# Starting mass production of agricultural machinery in India

MARUYAMA MFG INDIA PTE. LTD. a consolidated subsidiary in India, was established in June 2023 and began operations in September 2023. In December 2024, a system was established to mass-produce agricultural machinery. India has the world's largest population of 1,450.93 million (IMF, 2024), and its agricultural land area is about 40 times that of Japan, accounting for about half of the country's total land area.

However, since most of the farmers are small-scale farmers, there is a need to improve productivity by mechanizing, saving labor, and increasing efficiency in agriculture to meet rapidly increasing food demand, and we aim to expand the market for MARUYAMA'S large-scale sprayers.



### MARUYAMA Group's Sustainability (ESG Management)

The Group established its Sustainability Policy in September 2024, declaring that we will work to build a sustainable society by solving social issues related to food, water, and the environment through the Group's business.

### **Sustainability Policy**

MARUYAMA Group will keep contributing to the creation of a secure society by providing hardware and software related to food, water, and the environment with the aim of creating a world where people and the earth are full of smiles.

We will put into practice our company motto of "Serve people and affairs with sincerity" and actively work toward the realization of a sustainable society in the following business fields.

- Contributing to delivering safe and secure food to the world
- Contributing to the conservation of limited water resources
- Protecting the environment and life and contributing to the realization of a carbon-neutral society

### Two types of sustainability

In order to solve global issues such as food, water, global warming, viruses, and the environment, MARUYAMA will further evolve its core technologies for pumps and engines, and will continue to expand our business domains in line with the SDGs into the







Solving social Issues in the fields of "food, water, and the environment"

Sustainability through our business

Ideal harmony between people and the environment

Strengthening

governance

Co-prosperity with society and employees

Sustainability as the foundation of our business

Through the practice of ESG management, we as an enterprise will build a solid business foundation and support the sustainable growth and development of our business.

### Sustainability through our business > P.26

### Food

Contributing to delivering safe and secure food to the world



We will contribute to the stable production of food and the improvement of agricultural safety, and will develop products for the future of agriculture and forestry.

Automation and safety of products

Further expansion into global markets

### Water

Contributing to the conservation of limited water resources



We will contribute to reducing environmental loads through effective use of water resources and technology to change

**Development of products that** change water

**Development of water resource** reuse products

### **Environment**

Protecting the environment and life and contributing to the realization of a carbon-neutral society



We will contribute to the creation of a safe and comfortable living environment.

**Development of environmental** hygiene products

**Product recycling** 

### Sustainability as the foundation of our business

### Ideal harmony between people and the environment

Global environmental problems such as global warming, resource depletion, and environmental pollution are still serious social problems. The Group is actively engaged in global environmental conservation activities under the company motto of "Serve people and affairs with sincerity" and the theme of "ideal harmony between people and the environment."

### Co-prosperity with society and employees

In addition to working to create a sustainable society in which people and the environment are in ideal harmony, we will promote corporate management in which employees and their families are healthy and feel job satisfaction in order to create a better society.

### Strengthening governance

The Group believes that it is important to serve its stakeholders, including customers, shareholders, employees, business partners, and local communities, with sincerity, as stated in its company motto of "Serve people and affairs with sincerity." In addition, we believe that the implementation of this policy will enrich corporate governance and will realize a company with high integrity and

### Themes of initiatives Realizing a carbon-neutral society

Initiative for resource conservation andP.28 resource recycling

Initiative for sustainable procurement activities and green procurement

### Themes of initiatives

• Realizing the ability development and job satisfaction of diverse human resources

Improving product quality and safety

Strengthening supply chain management

### Themes of initiatives

Strengthening corporate governance

Strengthening risk management

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### Materiality

MARUYAMA contributes to global sustainability through its business activities.

We have been making efforts to solve global issues through our engagement mainly in the manufacturing and sales of agricultural and forestry machinery, industrial machinery, and disaster risk reduction equipment. Moreover, we have formulated materiality toward the continuous enhancement of our corporate value. Based on our ESG initiatives, we aim for further growth by clarifying important issues (materiality) at the interface between society and business in order to promote sustainability through our business, and by working together with stakeholders in a united manner.

### **Identified materiality**

### Sustainability through our business

## **Process for identifying materiality**

We determine materiality by taking steps in reference to international guidelines.

#### $\rightarrow$ Step 2 -Step 1 —

#### **Extracting materiality candidates** Prioritization

MARUYAMA'S materiality candidates are extracted in reference to ISO 26000, GRI, and other international guidelines as well as the SDGs, and then issues to be coped with are summarized into 32 items in accordance with the following three aspects: 1. degree of importance for MARUYAMA, 2. degree of importance for stakeholders, and 3. degree of importance in light of industry characteristics.

The extracted materiality candidates are mapped (materiality map) on the two evaluation axes of size of business impact (industry characteristics/importance in the Company) and size of expectations/needs from society and stakeholders, priority is given, and issues of high importance are extracted as materiality.

### → Step 3

Decision

After tentatively deciding on six items as provisional materiality, and following thirdparty evaluation, four materiality items have been formulated based on the Management Philosophy, the Basic Action Policy, and the Medium- to Long-Term Basic Policy.

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Category	Materiality	Important themes for activities	No	No.	КРІ	Targets for the fiscal year 2030	
		Contributing to delivering safe and secure food to the world	1	1 Devel	loping and producing smart agricultural products that will contribute to increasing global food production	Expanding smart agricultural product models to be introduced into the market	
	Solving social issues in the fields of food, water, and the environment	Contributing to delivering safe and secure rood to the world	2	2 Cont	tributing to mechanization of overseas agricultural markets, and expanding sales channels	Overseas net sales ratio of 40%	
			3	3 Dev	eloping and selling MUFB technology that maximizes the power of water	Expanding the ratio of MUFB sales to total sales	
		Contributing to the conservation of limited water resources	Contributing to the conservation of limited water resources	4	4 Laur	nching high-pressure pumps expected to conserve water into the market	Releasing ultra-high pressure-type products
Business			5	5 Selli	ng RO equipment to generate domestic water during disasters	Introducing our products to local governments and facilities for disaster-vulnerable people	
		Protecting the environment and life and contributing to the	6	6 Laur utiliz		Increasing the number of models to be introduced in the disaster risk reduction-related and environmental hygiene-related markets	
		realization of a carbon-neutral society	7	7 Deve	eloping internal combustion engines with maximum reduction of greenhouse gas emissions	Commercializing products with new engines	
			8	8 Deve	eloping and producing battery-powered products	Expanding battery product models to be introduced into the market	

### Sustainability as the foundation of our business

Category	Materiality	Important themes for activities	No.	КРІ	Targets for the fiscal year 2030
		9	Converting in-house electricity to renewable energy	90% of total power consumption	
	E Ideal harmony between	Realizing a carbon-neutral society	10	Reducing CO₂ emissions from the Company	Reducing CO₂ emissions by 40% (Scope 1) and 50% (Scope 2)
E		Initiative for recourse concernation and recourse recycling	11	Reducing waste generated from production activities	Reducing waste per unit of production by 20%
(Environment)	people and the environment	Initiative for resource conservation and resource recycling	12	Collecting waste fire extinguishers and continuing the fire-extinguishing agent recycling	Continuing the use of recycled fire-extinguishing agents for our fire extinguishers for sale
		Initiative for sustainable procurement activities and green procurement	13	Strengthening management of hazardous chemical substances in products	Obtaining a declaration document from suppliers for the management of hazardous chemical substances and establishing an in-house management system
			14	Creating growth opportunities and developing human resources	Expanding succession plans for senior management of group companies, including overseas ones
		Realizing the ability development and job satisfaction of diverse	15	Promoting DE&I to foster human resources with diverse ideas and values (1) Enhancement and improvement of the personnel system (2) Higher ratio of female recruits (3) Larger number of women in managerial positions (4) Increase in career recruitment (5) Securing of global human resources	(1) Establishment of a system that enables flexible working styles (2) 30% or more (FY 2027) (3) 7 or more persons (4) 30 persons (5) 30 persons
S (Social)	Co-prosperity with society and employees	human resources	16	Promoting a healthy work environment for all employees (1) Promotion of health management (2) White 500 Certification (3) Improvement of the percentage of paid holidays taken (4) Improvement of the percentage of male employees taking childcare leave	(1) Continuation of educational activities through the health management project (2) Acquisition of White 500 Certification (3) 90% (FY 2027) (4) 50% (FY 2027)
			17	Developing DX and AI personnel capable of responding to the increasingly sophisticated digital age	Expanding human resources with digital and Al skills (15% of all employees)
		Improving product quality and safety	18	Enhancing product safety initiatives Safe and reliable product development and production	Reducing the number of serious accidents and recalls
		Strengthening supply chain management	19	Promoting CSR procurement	Conducting CSR questionnaires for business partners and thorough follow-ups
G		Strengthening corporate governance	20	Globally promoting legal compliance and governance	Strengthening the confirmation and control function related to laws and regulations, and continuing zero serious legal violations within the Group, including overseas group companies
(Governance)	Strengthening governance	Strongthoning risk management	21	Strengthening disaster response capabilities	Continuing the implementation of BCP training in each division
(Governance)		Strengthening risk management	22	Strengthening information security, and properly managing personal information	Continuing zero incidents of personal information leakage

### **Solving Social Issues in the** Fields of Food, Water, and the Environment

When identifying materiality, we consider initiatives to resolve social issues as important issues, in addition to the ESG aspect. Based on the recognition that our products can contribute significantly to solving social issues in the areas of food, water, and the environment, we will continue our activities to gain recognition in the global market as a company that contributes to society.



- Difficulties in procurement and soaring prices of materials
- Antivirus measures
- Environmental problems
- Global food and water shortages
- Human resource and labor shortages
- International political and economic issues







Food



**Environment** 

### Creating value for society—

- Contributing to increasing food production, securing stable yields, and securing safe and secure food
- Contributing to labor saving, efficiency, and environmental load reduction in agriculture
- Pursuing the potential of water resources and contributing to effective utilization
- Contributing to a safe and comfortable life



Water

Contributing to the

resources

membranes, etc.

society

emissions

conservation of limited water

Contributing to the conservation of

development that will maximize the

power of water by utilizing ultra fine

**Environment** 

Protecting the environment and life and contributing to the realization of a carbon-neutral

Contributing to environmental

of engines and other equipment

to reduce chemical fertilizers used

in agriculture and carbon dioxide

conservation through the development

water resources through product

bubbles and reverse osmosis (RO)

### **Developing and producing smart agricultural** products that will contribute to increasing global food production



Contributing to the realization of smart agriculture by developing products that reduce the burden of agricultural work and achieve a comfortable work environment and higher efficiency

### **Contributing to mechanization of overseas** agricultural markets, and expanding sales channels



Contributing to the mechanization of pest control operations for rice. wheat, soybeans, and vegetables to improve agricultural productivity in response to population growth in Asia

### **Developing and selling MUFB** technology that maximizes the power of water



Developing products that instantly generate highly concentrated ultra fine bubbles, and exploiting new sales channels

### Launching high-pressure pumps expected to conserve water into the market



Using accumulated pump technology to improve cleaning power by increasing water

### Developing RO equipment to generate domestic water during disasters



Utilizing reverse osmosis (RO) membrane equipment to provide domestic water during natural disasters, and thereby contributing to the strengthening of disaster resilience

### Launching environmental hygiene equipment (cleaning, sterilization, deodorization) utilizing core technologies into the market



Removing urinary calculi that adhere to the toilet by using the ultra-fine bubbles' penetration and crushing effects; also controlling odor

### **Developing internal combustion** engines with maximum reduction of greenhouse gas emissions



Developing internal combustion engines that will comply with regulations of each country

### **Developing and producing** battery-powered products



Contributing to environmental improvement such as forests and roadside trees through the development and production of batterypowered devices with excellent operability

### Initiatives to Protect the Environment

### Ideal Harmony between People and the Environment

The Group has contributed to society through the development and manufacturing of machinery for agriculture and forestry. We recognize that the conservation of global environments such as climate change has a substantial impact on agriculture and forestry and that this is an important management issue, on which we are actively working.

### Initiatives to reduce CO<sub>2</sub> emissions by 50%

We have set a 50% reduction in CO2 emissions (compared to fiscal year ended September 2020, Scope 2) as one of the targets in the Long-Term Management Vision 2030. In fiscal year ended September 2022, the Chiba Plant (Togane City), MARUYAMA'S main plant, and NIPPON KREIS CO.,LTD. (Togane City), the second-largest group company in terms of production, switched to electricity derived from renewable energy.

As a result, we were able to reduce CO<sub>2</sub> emissions from our own production activities by 40% (approximately 2,300 t-CO<sub>2</sub>).

Going forward, we will install solar power generation facilities at SEIBU MARUYAMA CO..INC. We will continue to promote initiatives to reduce CO<sub>2</sub> emissions at all sites.



### Compliance with engine exhaust emission regulations

Engine exhaust emission regulations began in the 1970s, triggered by the automobile pollution problem. As automobile regulations were tightened, the contribution rate of non-automobile engines (non-road engines) to exhaust emissions relatively increased. Starting with regulations in California, the U.S., in the 1990s, exhaust emission regulations for non-road engines have started in many countries around the world.

The Company's two-cycle and non-two-cycle engines comply with the regulations of each country.

Moreover, in pursuit of cleaner engines, we have begun commercializing four-cycle engines.

### Method for regulating exhaust gas of twocycle engines

In Japan, it is an industry self-regulation set by Japan Land Engine Manufacturers Association (LEMA). In the U.S., it is regulated by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), and in Europe, it is regulated by EC directives\* in the member countries of the European Union (EU).

The two-cycle engines used in MARUYAMA'S brush cutters and other products belong to the portable category. They are divided into three classes according to engine displacement and are regulated by HC + NOx and CO emissions, achieving exhaust gas levels consistent with voluntary industry regulations.

HC + NOx: Total emissions of hydrocarbons and nitrogen compounds

Emissions g/kWh: The emissions of the substance in grams per kilowatt hour of engine operation

\*Directives requiring each member country to adapt its national laws to fit the directives

#### Succeeded in the stable operation of two-stroke hydrogen engine, which realized the reduction in size and weight, for the first time in the world

In order to realize a carbon-neutral society, small outdoor working machines are being electrified. However, it is said that it is difficult to replace all of the machines with electric ones because of the harsh operating conditions required by the machines for professionals, which require high loads and long hours of work.

The compact two-stroke hydrogen engine, the stable operation of which we have succeeded in ensuring, meets the needs of professionals by providing workability without problems even when the engine is turned sideways or upside down, and by using hydrogen as fuel, which makes the gas emitted almost water, making the work machine cleaner.

In the fiscal year ended September 2024, we completed a prototype that can be used for outdoor work. In the future, we plan to verify the reliability and durability of the hydrogen engine in actual work. In addition, we will continue to study and research hydrogen filling methods that are operable, and will explore sales possibilities.





Blower prototype using hydrogen



Two-stroke hydrogen engine

### Collection and recycling of waste fire extinguishers

The Group has 22 designated collection sites and three disposal facilities nationwide, and collects and disposes of waste fire extinguishers in accordance with the collection and disposal methods of Japan Fire Extinguisher Manufactures Association. The Group has achieved a collection rate of over 90% for waste fire extinguishers and has maintained a fire-extinguishing agent recycling rate of over 95% for use as raw materials for new fire

A new plant for the collection and manufacturing of fireextinguishing agents has been constructed within our premises, and preparations are underway for the operation. The new plant has higher ceilings than conventional plants so as to improve the working environment and workability.





New fire-extinguishing agent recycling plant

### TCFD declaration

### TCFD initiative policy

The Group regards solving social issues in the areas of food, water, and the environment as one of its materiality, and considers coping with climate change, which has a major impact on a global scale, to be an important management issue and a major social responsibility.

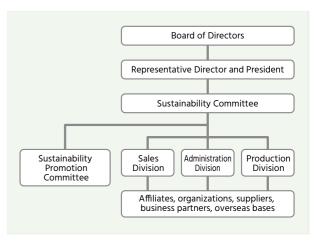
Under the company motto of "Serve people and affairs with sincerity," we are pursuing an ideal harmony between people and the environment in a united manner as the Group.



#### Governance

Regarding initiatives to achieve a decarbonized society through business activities, the Sustainability Committee, which is composed of executives, as well as the Sustainability Promotion Committee, which is composed of middle management members who will lead the next generation, discusses and promotes such activities, while the Board of Directors serves as the highest decision-making body.

We will accurately grasp the actual status of the Company's GHG emissions and will work in good faith to address various issues related to climate change through mutual cooperation among our sales, production, and administrative divisions. We will expand this circle to include all our business partners and other stakeholders.



### Strategy

The various phenomena brought about by climate change will become more visible year by year as short- to medium-term and long-term risks. The Group regards solving social issues in the areas of food, water, and the environment as materiality. Through the manufacturing and sales of agricultural, industrial, and disaster risk reduction products, which constitute our businesses, we are taking on bold action and challenges for climate change, a social problem on a global scale.

To address climate change, we selected two external scenarios: the 1.5°C/2°C scenario and the 4°C scenario, and analyzed the impact on our businesses toward 2050, i.e. the target year to achieve carbon neutrality.

Classification	Referenced external	Scenario	Scenario analysis overview					
Classification	scenario	description	Social situation	Natural environment	Market trend			
1500/200	IPCC AR6 SSP1 — 1.9	Global warming will be curbed	Shareholders and customer will raise their environmental awareness.     Government will tighten climate-related laws and	Rising temperatures will cause more natural disasters.	Demand for decarbonized     (or low carbon) products will     increase.      Capital spending for     decarbonization (or low			
1.5°C/2°C scenario	IPCC AR6 SSP1 — 2.6	by 2°C or less, according to the will of society and citizens.	regulations.  () Laws and regulations will increase the burden on companies and individuals. () Companies that cannot comply with laws and regulations will be eliminated.	<ul> <li>The variety and breed of crops will be changing.</li> <li>Global warming will shift farmland.</li> </ul>	carbonization) will increase.  Demand for disaster risk reduction products will increase as awareness of disaster prevention rises.  Raw material and energy costs will increase.			
4°C scenario	IPCC AR6 SSP5 — 8.5	Economic growth will take priority, and global warming will exceed 4°C.	Rapid economic growth in each country and company will further widen the gap between the rich and the poor.     Energy resources will run out.	<ul> <li>The world will experience dramatic increase in natural disasters and sharp decrease in agricultural workers and farmland.</li> <li>Crop yields will substantially decrease.</li> <li>Ecosystem will collapse, and living organisms and nature will decrease.</li> <li>The world will run into food shortages.</li> </ul>	Demand for disaster risk reduction products will increase.      Demand for productivity-enhancing products will increase to compensate for reduced crop yields.      Raw material and energy costs will increase.			

### Risks and opportunity creation

We analyzed the impact on businesses as of 2050, i.e. the target year set by the Japanese government to achieve carbon neutrality.

### Climate-related risks: Risk for companies moving toward a low-carbon economy

	Large classification	Small classification	Indicator	Scenarios and risks	Required responses and tends	2°C impact	4°C impact
	Policy/	(1) Introduction and increase of carbon tax	Cost	Costs will increase due to wide- range impact of direct materials, production, and transportation.	Methods not to emit CO <sub>2</sub> , and initiatives to reduce emissions	Large	Large
	regulation	(2) Laws and regulations to reduce CO <sub>2</sub> emissions	Capital investment	Capital investment will increase due to CO <sub>2</sub> emission regulations and energy conservation initiatives.	Higher productivity by updating facilities and optimizing processes	Small	Large
	Technology	(3) Compliance with exhaust emission regulations	Cost	Costs related to product development and components will increase due to tighter regulations.	Introduction and development of new technologies, and collaboration with other companies	Small	Large
Tr	reclinology	(4) Switching to low-carbon technologies	Capital investment	Costs will increase due to the change to environmentally friendly materials.	Higher productivity by updating facilities and optimizing processes	Small	Large
Transition risk	(5) Soaring prices of raw materials Cost		Costs will increase, and procurement will become difficult.	Promotion of common parts and in-house production	Moderate	Large	
sk	Market	(6) Change in consumer behavior	Revenue	Rising prices of products that take into account the environmental loads of climate change will cause lower demand.	Larger share of environmentally friendly products	Large	Large
		(7) Decline in the domestic labor force	Revenue	The number of farmers will decrease.	Increase in demand for larger and/or automated machines due to the scale aggregation and corporatization of agriculture	Large	Large
	Reputation	(8) Changes in stakeholder reputation	Capital	Lack of action on climate change will damage investor reputation, making it difficult to raise funds.	Publication and maintenance of ESG reports	Moderate	Large
	Acute (short- to	(9) Decrease in production due to water stress	Cost	Water shortages will make it difficult to secure water, causing prices to soar.	Further increase in added value of pump technology	Large	Large
Physical risk	medium- term)	(10) Intensification of extreme weather	Revenue	Frequent occurrence of extreme weather events such as storms will cause damage in many production areas.	Development of disaster risk reduction products in the agricultural sector	Large	Large
al risk	Chronic (long-	(11) Increase in average temperature	Revenue	Crop quality will deteriorate with lower yields	Proposal to improve quality and yields by using machines	Large	Large
	term)	(12) Decline in farmer productivity	Cost	Labor productivity will decline due to rising temperatures, and prices will soar due to rising costs.	Proposal for machine automation and productivity improvement	Large	Large

### Climate-related opportunities: Opportunities for management reforms related to climate change

Large classification	Small classification	Indicator	Potential opportunity	1.5°C/2°C impact
Product	Upgrading to products that take into account the environmental loads of climate change	Revenue	Larger market share due to increasing demand for environmentally friendly products	Large
	Increase in demand for labor-saving and high-efficiency products due to declining agricultural population	Revenue	Expanding sales due to increasing demand for high- efficiency large-scale and/or IoT products	Large
Market	Larger demand for law carbon products	Revenue	Increasing revenue due to larger demand for low-carbon products	Large
	Larger demand for low-carbon products	Revenue	Commercialization and prevalence of next-generation engines	Large
Evaluation	Climate change countermeasures will become a required item in the stock market.	Capital	Companies that address climate change through their businesses will be recognized.	Large
Resources	Recycling and utilization of water resources	Revenue	Prevalence and promotion of MUFB and RO products	Large

### Indicators and targets

To achieve carbon neutrality by 2050, the Group will work together to reduce GHG emissions from business activities in a unified manner as the MARUYAMA Group.

Specifically, as part of our initiatives to reduce GHG emissions, we will formulate an implementation flow for CO<sub>2</sub> reduction under Scope 3 and share it with our business partners. We will also reduce GHG emissions from existing engines by implementing environmentally friendly engines currently under in-house development in our products.

		6.1.	Goals
ltem	Content	Criteria	2030
GHG emissions	Scope1	2020	40% reduction
(total)	Scope2	2020	50% reduction

### Survey on Scopes 1, 2, and 3

Consumption of fossil fuels   CO, emissions from the use of fossil fuels, etc. purchased during the period (in-house)	Category	Content	Views and concept of the decarbonization WG	Emissions in FY 2024 (10,000 t-CO <sub>2</sub> )
Co. emissions from the construction, manufacturing, and transportation of fixed assets purchased during the period	Scope1	Consumption of fossil fuels		0.22
(2) Capital goods purchased (2) Capital goods purchased (3) Fuel- and energy-related activities (4) Transport and delivery (upstream) (5) Waste generated from business (6) Employee travel (7) Employee commuting (8) Leased assets (upstream)  (8) Leased assets (upstream)  To be excluded because electricity in warehouses is to be allocated in Scopes 1 and 2  (9) Transport and delivery (downstream)  (10) Processing of sold products (11) Use of sold products (12) Disposal of sold products (12) Leased assets (downstream)  Co., emissions from the construction, manufacturing, and transportation of parts used in Scopes 2  (2) Capital goods purchased (2) Capital goods purchased (2) Transport and delivery (downstream)  To be excluded because electricity in warehouses is to be allocated in Scopes 1 and 2  (9) Transport and delivery (downstream)  To be excluded because electricity in warehouses is to be allocated in Scopes 1 and 2  (10) Processing of sold products  To be excluded because it covers parts, materials, and the like  Excluded  (11) Use of sold products  Co., emissions from products sold during the period when they are disposed of  (12) Disposal of sold products  Co., emissions from products sold during the period when they are disposed of  (13) Leased assets (14) Leased assets (15) Leased assets (16) Leased assets (17) Leased assets (18) Leased assets (19) Lea	Scope 2			0.31
(2) Capital goods purchased of fixed assets purchased during the period 0.80  (3) Fuel- and energy-related activities 1.00, emissions from generation and transportation of parts used in Scopes 1.1 and 2.0  (4) Transport and delivery (upstream) 1.021  (5) Waste generated from 1.021  (6) Employee travel 1.022  (7) Employee commuting 1.022  (8) Leased assets (upstream) 1.023  (8) Leased assets (upstream) 1.024  (9) Transport and delivery (downstream) 1.025  (9) Transport and delivery (downstream) 1.025  (10) Processing of sold products 1.022  (11) Use of sold products 1.023  (12) Disposal of sold products 1.026  (13) Leased assets (13) Leased assets (14) Leased assets (15) Leased assets (15) Leased assets (15) Leased assets (16) Leased assets (17)				12.48
(4) Transport and delivery (upstream)  (5) Waste generated from business  Grasp waste by type of waste, and calculate by multiplying the amount of waste by the coefficient  (6) Employee travel  Divide travel expenses by means, and multiply by the coefficient  0.00  (7) Employee commuting  Divide commuting expenses by means, and multiply by the coefficient  0.01  (8) Leased assets (upstream)  To be excluded because electricity in warehouses is to be allocated in Scopes 1 and 2  (9) Transport and delivery (downstream)  The calculation shall not be made because the CO, is emitted from deliveries by shippers on behalf of others, instead of their own.  (10) Processing of sold products  To be excluded because it covers parts, materials, and the like Excluded products  (11) Use of sold products  CO, emissions from products sold during the period before they are disposed of  (12) Disposal of sold products  CO, emissions from products sold during the period when they are disposed of  (13) Leased assets (company-owned vehicles and business machines are to be excluded Excluded		(2) Capital goods purchased		0.80
(S) Waste generated from business by the coefficient (G) Employee travel (G) Employee travel (G) Employee commuting (G) Excluded Excluded Excluded Employee (G) Employee commuting (G)				0.10
(6) Employee travel  Divide travel expenses by means, and multiply by the coefficient  O.09  (7) Employee commuting  Divide commuting expenses by means, and multiply by the coefficient  O.01  (8) Leased assets (upstream)  To be excluded because electricity in warehouses is to be allocated in Scopes 1 and 2  (9) Transport and delivery (downstream)  The calculation shall not be made because the CO <sub>2</sub> is emitted from deliveries by shippers on behalf of others, instead of their own.  Uncalculated  (10) Processing of sold products  To be excluded because it covers parts, materials, and the like  Excluded  (11) Use of sold products  Direct CO <sub>2</sub> emissions from products sold during the period before they are disposed of  CO <sub>2</sub> emissions from products sold during the period when they are disposed of  (12) Disposal of sold products  CO <sub>3</sub> emissions from products sold during the period when they are disposed of  CO <sub>4</sub> emissions from products sold during the period when they are disposed of  CO <sub>5</sub> emissions from products sold during the period when they are disposed of  CO <sub>6</sub> emissions from products sold during the period when they are disposed of  CO <sub>7</sub> emissions from products sold during the period when they are disposed of excluded because they are already allocated in Scopes 1 and 2.			Procurement logistics: transportation from suppliers to the Company	0.21
(7) Employee commuting Divide commuting expenses by means, and multiply by the coefficient 0.01  (8) Leased assets (upstream) To be excluded because electricity in warehouses is to be allocated in Scopes 1 and 2  (9) Transport and delivery (downstream) The calculation shall not be made because the CO <sub>2</sub> is emitted from deliveries by shippers on behalf of others, instead of their own.  (10) Processing of sold products To be excluded because it covers parts, materials, and the like Excluded Products  (11) Use of sold products Direct CO <sub>2</sub> emissions from products sold during the period before they are disposed of CO <sub>2</sub> emissions from products sold during the period when they are disposed of CO <sub>3</sub> emissions from products sold during the period when they are disposed of CO <sub>4</sub> emissions from products sold during the period when they are disposed of CO <sub>5</sub> emissions from products sold during the period when they are disposed of CO <sub>6</sub> emissions from products and business machines are to be excluded Excluded because they are already allocated in Scopes 1 and 2.				0.01
(8) Leased assets (upstream)  To be excluded because electricity in warehouses is to be allocated in Scopes 1 and 2  (9) Transport and delivery (downstream)  The calculation shall not be made because the CO2 is emitted from deliveries by shippers on behalf of others, instead of their own.  (10) Processing of sold products  To be excluded because it covers parts, materials, and the like  Excluded  (11) Use of sold products  Direct CO2 emissions from products sold during the period before they are disposed of  (12) Disposal of sold products  CO2 emissions from products sold during the period when they are disposed of  (13) Leased assets (downstream)  Company-owned vehicles and business machines are to be excluded because they are already allocated in Scopes 1 and 2.		(6) Employee travel	Divide travel expenses by means, and multiply by the coefficient	0.09
(9) Transport and delivery (downstream)  The calculation shall not be made because the CO2 is emitted from deliveries by shippers on behalf of others, instead of their own.  (10) Processing of sold products  To be excluded because it covers parts, materials, and the like  Excluded  (11) Use of sold products  Direct CO2 emissions from products sold during the period before they are disposed of  (12) Disposal of sold products  CO2 emissions from products sold during the period when they are disposed of  (13) Leased assets (downstream)  Company-owned vehicles and business machines are to be excluded because they are already allocated in Scopes 1 and 2.		(7) Employee commuting	Divide commuting expenses by means, and multiply by the coefficient	0.01
(downstream)  (downstream)  (downstream)  (10) Processing of sold products  To be excluded because it covers parts, materials, and the like  (11) Use of sold products  Direct CO <sub>2</sub> emissions from products sold during the period before they are disposed of  (12) Disposal of sold products  (13) Leased assets (downstream)  Company-owned vehicles and business machines are to be excluded because they are already allocated in Scopes 1 and 2.  Unicalculated  Excluded  Excluded  Excluded  Excluded	Scope 3	(8) Leased assets (upstream)		Excluded
products    Direct CO2 emissions from products sold during the period before they are disposed of    Disposal of sold products   CO2 emissions from products sold during the period when they are disposed of				Uncalculated
(12) Disposal of sold products  CO <sub>2</sub> emissions from products sold during the period when they are disposed of  (13) Leased assets (downstream)  Company-owned vehicles and business machines are to be excluded because they are already allocated in Scopes 1 and 2.  Excluded			To be excluded because it covers parts, materials, and the like	Excluded
(13) Leased assets (downstream)  Company-owned vehicles and business machines are to be excluded because they are already allocated in Scopes 1 and 2.  Excluded		(11) Use of sold products		18.72
because they are already allocated in Scopes 1 and 2.		(12) Disposal of sold products		0.08
				Excluded
(14) Franchise To be excluded as not applicable Excluded		(14) Franchise	To be excluded as not applicable	Excluded
(15) Investment To be excluded because of no investment in fossil fuels Excluded		(15) Investment	To be excluded because of no investment in fossil fuels	Excluded

### **Initiatives toward Society**

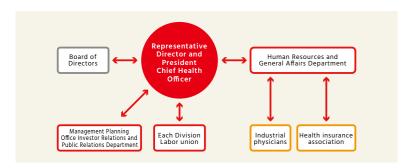
### Co-prosperity with society and employees

As a member of society, the Group recognizes that dialogue with all stakeholders is necessary for sustainable growth. In particular, the power of our employees, who are the drivers of growth, is essential. For this reason, the Group is striving to establish a working environment in which diverse human resources can continue to play an active role over a long period of time, and a corporate culture that maximizes the creativity and teamwork of each individual.

#### **Declaration of health management**

Aiming to be an indispensable enterprise for society, the Group has worked with all employees since its foundation to resolve issues in the fields of food, water, and the environment.

In order to create a better society by implementing our brand statement, "Creating the next 100 Years - All for the Future," the Group believes that it is essential for employees and their families to be healthy and to feel job satisfaction.





Aiming to be an enterprise where employees can continue to work energetically and with peace of mind through health management, the Group promotes the health of its employees. Under the Certified Health & Productivity Management Outstanding Organizations Recognition Program jointly selected by Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry, and the Nippon Kenko Kaigi, the Group has been recognized as a Health & Productivity Management Outstanding Organization 2024 under the large enterprise category for three consecutive years since 2021.

### Promoting human capital management

In addition to health management, the Group has established a training system for all employees, including new employees, so that they can demonstrate their abilities.

The Group established the Human Resources Development Committee in October 2017 for the purpose of human resource development and education. The committee meets once every one or two months to promote systematic employee development. In particular, we are progressively working on the establishment of a career development system for each division and the materialization of initiatives to develop core human resources in line with career plans

Furthermore, in order to address such issues as work-style reform, equal pay for equal work, and childcare and nursing care leaves, we began reforming our personnel system in October 2020. Based on the results of employee satisfaction surveys, we are reviewing regulations and discussing various issues related to collective labor agreements as appropriate. Specifically, we aim to achieve sustainable growth by introducing a system that eliminates the personal element that determines wages based on ability and contribution to the company, and by introducing a retirement age of 65



New employee training at the Chiba Plant

### **Declaration of Building Partnerships**

We announced the Declaration of Building Partnerships, as we concur with the purport of Council for the Promotion of Building Partnerships for the Future, which is promoted by the Cabinet Office and the Small and Medium Enterprise Agency, etc.

We declare that we will focus on the following items in order to build new partnerships by promoting cooperation, coexistence, and co-prosperity with business partners in the supply chain as well as with business operators that aim to create value. Based on this declaration, we will work on the procurement and sustainable development of products with lower environmental loads as well as initiatives that lead to new manufacturing possibilities in cooperation with our business partners, and thereby will promote the creation of further added value.

- Coexistence and co-prosperity of the entire supply chain, and new cooperation that will transcend scale and affiliation, etc.
- 2. Compliance with the Promotion Standards

Click here for the entire text of Declaration of Building Partnerships of MARUYAMA MFG. CO., INC. https://www.biz-partnership.jp/declaration/72983-05-18-tokyo.pdf

### What is the Declaration of Building Partnerships?

It is promoted by the Council for the Promotion of Building Partnerships for the Future, which consists of the chairman of Nippon Keizai Dantai Rengokai, Keidanren (Japan Business Federation), the president of the Japan Chamber of Commerce and Industry, the president of the Japan Trade Union Confederation, and relevant ministers (Cabinet Office, the Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry, the Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare, the Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries, and the Ministry of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism).

It is declared by enterprises with the aim of building new partnerships by promoting cooperation, coexistence, and co-prosperity with business partners in their supply chains as well as with business operators that aim to create value.

Declaration of Building Partnerships portal site https://www.biz-partnership.jp/

### ♥パートナーシップ 【構築宣言Ⅲ■

### Initiatives for quality

The Group's Quality Policy states, "We will be a company about which customers say 'Maruyama Again!,' and they will do business with the Group next time, too. To this end, we will provide our customers with high-quality products and services by improving quality, eliminating waste, and speeding up." Under this policy, all employees work together to design, develop, manufacture, and provide products that satisfy customer needs and expectations. We also collect information on the ever-changing needs and expectations of our customers, continuously provide products that meet these changes, and contribute to society through such products provided. With this eternal goal in mind, we are continuing improvement activities.

# DX認定

Act on Facilitation of Information Processing. The national government

certifies companies as being prepared to promote DX in response to the basic requirements of the Digital Governance Code, such as the formulation and publication of a management vision based on social transformation using digital technology.

Through these initiatives, the Company will go beyond simply providing products, and will continue to evolve into a company that creates value which exceeds customer expectations, while simultaneously achieving sustainable growth and contributing to society.

### Initiatives for product safety and safe work

As part of initiatives to promote smart agriculture, we are focusing our efforts to enhance our pesticide spray drone service.

The Company has drone training facilities at 14 locations throughout Japan. At these facilities, our employees provide training on drones, teach pest control know-how, and maintain customers' airframes

Currently, most drones operate autonomously, and we are conducting a campaign in which people can experience autonomous navigation at our training facilities.

Going forward, with the aim of further expanding our drone business, we are working company-wide to enable our sales staff across the country to obtain drone operator certification.

We have also established the Basic Policy on Product Safety, and put in place the Voluntary Action Plan for Product Safety.

The production division has revised the user manual to make it easier for customers to understand. For large machines, QR codes from the user manuals are affixed to the machines, while the sales division hold in-house product safety briefings and seminars. For managers, seminars are also held by outside instructors.



## Initiatives for value creation and sustainable growth through DX promotion

Through digital transformation (DX), we are deepening our understanding of customer needs, and redefining true value capitalizing on our strengths. Through this initiative, we are working to build a new business model with the aim of improving customer experience and increasing profitability.

Specifically, in addition to updating products and services and optimizing pricing strategies, we are rebuilding touch points with customers or building new ones, and thereby achieving consistent value delivery. We use digital tools to continuously measure KPIs, and incorporate customer feedback, aiming for constant improvement. In particular, we aim to improve customer satisfaction and loyalty by actively utilizing digital platforms such as applications, e-commerce, and social media.

On October 1, 2024, the Company was certified as a DX Certified Operator by the Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry. This system is an accreditation system based on the

### **Contribution activities for local communities**

We would like to express our heartfelt sympathy to the people affected by the 2024 Noto Peninsula Earthquake and pray for the earliest possible recovery of the affected areas.

The Company donated 60 fire extinguishers to the Wajima Monzen Sports Park and 40 to the Anamizucho Sumiyoshi Community Center to support those affected by the earthquake. Based on our corporate motto of "Serve people and affairs with sincerity," we respond with sincerity to all stakeholders, including customers, shareholders, and business partners.

We will continue our contribution activities for local communities.



Fire extinguishers donated to Wajima City

### Strengthening IR activities

Since the financial results for the second quarter of the fiscal year ended September 2023, we have been providing information to individual investors by posting videos explaining our financial results on the MINKUBU website in order to deepen shareholders' and investors' understanding of our business activities.

In addition, since September 2024, we started posting a video of company briefings for individual investors. President Uchiyama explains our major products and strategies for approximately 35 minutes in an effort to enhance IR activities.



Company briefings for individual investors of MARUYAMA https://www.rakuten-sec.co.jp/web/special/maruyama/

### **Corporate Governance**

### **Strengthening governance**

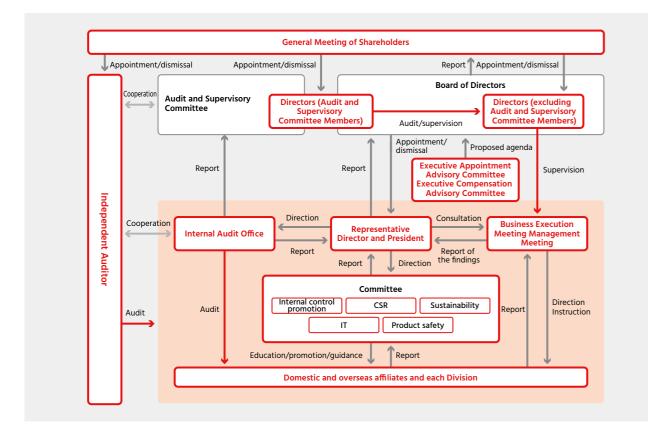
#### (Basic concept)

As stated in the company motto, "Serve people and affairs with sincerity," we are committed to earning trust broadly from society by faithfully fulfilling our social responsibilities, as the most important management issue. We are actively promoting sustainable growth and medium- to long-term enhancement of corporate value by enhancing the effectiveness of corporate governance in order to make transparent, fair, and decisive decisions based on the perspectives of our shareholders, customers, business partners, local communities, employees, etc.

### Strengthening corporate governance

### Corporate governance structure

We have adopted a company with an audit and supervisory committee, for the purposes of further strengthening the supervisory function of the Board of Directors, as well as separating supervision from business execution for swift decision-making.



#### **Board of Directors**

The Board of Directors, as the highest management body, makes decisions on matters stipulated by laws, regulations, and the Rules of the Board of Directors, as well as other important matters, and supervises the business execution of each group company.

Our Board of Directors consists of five Directors (excluding Directors who are Audit and Supervisory Committee Members), and four Directors who are Audit and Supervisory Committee Members (all of whom are Outside Directors). The Board of Directors meets once a month. In addition, they meet on an extraordinary basis as needed both in order to strengthen the supervision and oversight of the business execution by Directors, and in order to provide recommendations and advice as needed. This structure ensures transparency and flexibility.

#### **Audit and Supervisory Committee**

The Audit and Supervisory Committee consists of four Directors (all of whom are Outside Directors), and audits the execution of Directors' duties from an independent standpoint. In order to understand the important decision-making process and the status of business execution, members of the Audit and Supervisory Committee attend meetings of the Board of Directors, the Business Execution Meeting, the Management Meeting, and other important meetings in accordance with the audit plan determined by the Audit and Supervisory Committee as well as the division of their duties, listen to the status of business execution from Directors, etc., inspect related materials, and conduct audits.

### Structure for reporting to the Audit and Supervisory Committee, etc.

The Group's Directors and employees shall immediately report to the Director in charge of crisis management if any misconduct, or material facts in violation of laws and regulations, the Articles of Incorporation or internal regulations, or other facts of concern with regard to risk management are discovered. The Director in charge of crisis management shall report the matter in question to the Audit and Supervisory Committee without delay if it corresponds to any of the following matters:

a. Matters that may cause substantial damage to the company

### c. Significant compliance violations, including reporting by whistleblowing

d. Other important corporate management matters

If an assistant employee of the Audit and Supervisory Committee discovers a material fact in relation to the preceding paragraph, the employee shall report directly to the Audit and Supervisory Committee without delay.

We ensure that the reporter is protected so that he/she will not receive any disadvantageous treatment for reporting.

### Evaluation of the effectiveness of the Board of Directors

The Company evaluated the Board of Directors and concluded that decisions about basic management policies and other important matters were appropriately made based on constructive discussions and exchanges of opinion among all Directors under appropriate proceedings, and that the effectiveness of the Board of Directors was basically ensured.

On the other hand, in order to further improve the effectiveness of the Board of Directors, the succession plan for the Representative Director should be actively discussed at the Board of Directors, and it should be discussed by the Executive Appointment Advisory Committee prior to discussion at the Board of Directors. In response to the opinion that the progress of the Medium-Term Management Plan should be further verified, the progress of the Medium-Term Management Plan shall be checked every six months.

Based on the results of the evaluation and analysis, we will continue to make efforts to improve the effectiveness.

#### Policies such as nomination of Directors

When appointing or dismissing candidates for Director, we judge them comprehensively from the viewpoints of whether they have character, insight, and knowledge and experience in their specialized fields, as well as whether they can make accurate and prompt decisions. In addition, when appointing or dismissing candidates for Outside Director, we judge them from a comprehensive perspective of whether they can utilize their abundant experience and broad insight in their respective fields to strengthen the auditing and supervisory functions of the Company's overall management.

Based on the above policy, the Executive Appointment Advisory Committee, which is a five-person voluntary organization composed of Representative Director and Chairman, Representative Director and President, and three Outside Directors, proposes the results of its discussions to the Board of Directors for the resolution.

In the unlikely event that a senior management member has violated laws, regulations, or the Articles of Incorporation, etc., and significantly damaged the corporate value of the Company, and dismissal is therefore appropriate, the Board of Directors will deliberate and pass a resolution in a timely manner.

### Policy on Directors' compensation

### **Basic policy**

We define the compensation system for Directors as a mechanism for the continuous improvement of the Group's corporate value and the realization of sustainable growth over the medium to long term, based on our basic philosophy on corporate governance, and establish and operate the system based on the following points:

- The compensation system shall promote the improvement of shortand medium- to long-term performance as well as corporate value.
   The type and level of compensation shall be in accordance with the responsibilities, performance, and achievements of the respective Directors within the scope determined at the General Meeting of Shareholders.
- •The objectivity and transparency shall be ensured by going through deliberations by the Executive Compensation Advisory Committee, of which a majority is composed of Outside Directors.

  For reference, the Board of Directors has confirmed that both the method of determining the content of compensation, etc. and the content of compensation, etc. determined for individual Directors for the current fiscal year are consistent with the policy, and that the reporting from the Executive Compensation Advisory Committee is respected. Therefore, the Board of Directors has determined that the compensation, etc. is in accordance with the policy.

_	Total amount of compensation,	Total amount of co	ompensation, etc. by	type (millions of yen)	Number of
Category	etc. (millions of yen)	Basic compensation	Performance- linked compensation	Restricted share compensation	eligible officers (persons)
Directors (excluding Audit and Supervisory Committee Members)	155	147	-	7	5
Directors	34	34	_	-	4
(Audit and Supervisory Committee Members) (including Outside Directors)	(34)	(34)	(-)	(-)	(4)
Total	189	182	-	7	9

(Note) The above includes one Director (Audit and Supervisory Committee Member) who retired during the fiscal year under review

### Compensation level policy

Compensation for Executive Director consists of the following three types: basic compensation as monetary compensation; performance-linked compensation paid in conjunction with the performance of the company, the division and the individual; and restricted share compensation. For reference, the total amount of monetary compensation for Executive Director has been set at 300 million yen or less per year in accordance with the resolution of the 82th Annual General Meeting of Shareholders held on December 19, 2017.

#### Basic compensation

Under the Director Compensation Regulations, basic compensation is fixed monthly compensation, the level of which is determined according to the position of the Director. Although there are no short-term changes in the level, if there is a change in the level of the company's performance, we will review the level, and in the event of a significant decline in performance or a misconduct, we will reduce the level in order to clarify management responsibility.

#### Performance-linked compensation

Performance-linked compensation consists of performance/ achievement-linked compensation, and single-year performance-linked compensation.

a. Performance/achievement-linked compensation
This compensation is monthly compensation that varies each year,
depending on the company's performance, performance of the division
in charge, and individual achievement in the previous fiscal year. Based
on the evaluation conducted by the Representative Director and
President using the Director Performance Evaluation Table prescribed in
the regulations, as well as other materials, the Representative Director

and President determines the amount of individual compensation for each Director after deliberation by the Executive Compensation Advisory Committee.

b. Single-year performance-linked compensation
This compensation is monetary compensation that reflects the
performance indicators (KPI) established to raise awareness for
business performance improvement each fiscal year. When the target
value for each fiscal year is achieved, this compensation is paid annually
as a bonus at a certain time according to the degree of achievement.

#### Restricted share compensation

For the purposes of providing an incentive to continuously enhance the Company's corporate value, and further sharing such value with its shareholders, the Company has set a transfer-restriction period linked to the Medium-Term Management Plan, under which it grants the Company's common shares (referred to as the "Shares"). Specific performance indicators and the number of shares to be granted are determined by the Board of Directors after deliberation by the Executive Compensation Advisory Committee.

## Directors serving as Audit and Supervisory Committee Members

Compensation for Directors serving as Audit and Supervisory Committee Members consists only of a fixed monthly basic compensation in consideration of their roles, and is determined in accordance with consultation at the Audit and Supervisory Committee, taking into account the division of their duties, within the limit of the total amount of compensation resolved at the General Meeting of Shareholders. The amount of this compensation has been set at 84 million yen or less per year, in accordance with the resolution of the 82th Annual General Meeting of Shareholders held on December 19, 2017.

### **Message from Outside Director**



Atsushi Toki
Outside Director
(Audit and Supervisory Committee Member)

### For improving the effectiveness of the Board of Directors

The Board of Directors evaluates and supervises the business execution by the management team. It also has the function of making specific decisions on the execution of individual business operations (business decisions), and makes decisions on management strategies and management plans. These are the standards and guidelines for the supervision and business decisions of the Board of Directors.

However, in the current situation of the board of directors of many companies, we have to say that the focus is on individual business decisions and that discussions on management strategies, etc., are insufficient.

In the past, we at the Company did not make a clear distinction between discussions at meetings of the Board of Directors and those at meetings of executive departments, and time tended to be spent discussing the details of individual operations. However, since we changed to a company with an audit and supervisory committee, the Board of Directors has narrowed down proposals to a certain extent to enhance deliberations, and voluntary committees, including Outside Directors, have been involved in the selection of President, planning for the development of successors, the selection of Directors/Executive Officers, and the determination of compensation to enhance objectivity.

In addition, since the matters to be resolved by the Board of Directors have become limited to some extent, the Board of Directors should support appropriate risk-taking by the management team, and its core supervisory functions should be to judge the appropriateness of management through the decisions of nomination and compensation, as well as to evaluate performance, in light of basic management policies and strategies formulated by the management tram and decided by the Board of Directors.

### Compliance and risk management

### Internal control system, and risk management structure and Initiatives

We consider compliance to be one of the most important management issues, and have distributed the MARUYAMA Group Compliance Manual, which was formulated by the CSR Committee and established by the Board of Directors, to all officers and employees of the Group. We also conduct enlightenment and training sessions regularly to instill a compliance mindset.

In preparation for the occurrence of compliance problems, we have set up internal and external reporting and consultation desks (hotlines) to receive whistleblowing from the Group's insiders. In such a way, we have put in place a whistleblowing structure that enables checks and a prompt response to prevent such problems from occurring, and thereby ensure thorough protection of whistleblowers under the Whistleblower Protection Regulations.

We have severed our all relations including transactions with antisocial forces and organizations that threaten the order and safety of civil society, and shall respond to undue claims in a resolute attitude. To this end, we have put in place the necessary structures, including the division in charge, as well as response measures.

We conduct training for all employees annually to review the MARUYAMA Group Compliance Manual, aiming to strengthen compliance. We conduced participation-style compliance training by outside instructors for all employees In April and May 2023, and discussion-style compliance training for managers in August and September, 2023.

With regard to risk management, we conducted business continuity management (BCM) training for managers in the form of lectures by outside instructors in October 2023.

Furthermore, we held a private information protection training for managers in the form of lectures by outside instructors in October 2023, aiming to strengthen information security.

### Structure concerning execution of Directors' duties

In accordance with the Articles of Incorporation, and the Rules of the Board of Directors, minutes of the General Meeting of Shareholders and minutes of the Board of Directors are prepared, and properly stored and managed. The relevant materials are also properly stored and managed.

The minutes and materials of important internal meetings, such as the Business Execution Meeting, the Management Meeting, the Joint Management Meeting, and various committees, are properly prepared, stored, and managed in accordance with the Document Management Regulations.

Requests for management decisions approved by the Board of Directors are properly stored and managed in accordance with the Regulations for Requests for Management Decisions.

### Structure to ensure execution of Directors' duties

We maintain an internal structure that enables swift and rational decision-making by making appropriate use of the Board of Directors, the Business Execution Meeting, the Management Meeting, the Joint Management Meeting, the CSR Committee, and other meeting groups.

Our internal structure has been enhanced for efficient execution of duties, as our internal regulations, including the division of duties among Directors, the division of duties among departments, and the authority of duties, have been put in place and have been reviewed.

The Internal Audit Office, which reports directly to President, shall audit the company-wide business operations, including group companies, in accordance with the Internal Audit Standards.

#### Crisis management structure

The Director in charge of crisis management periodically reviews and enhances the Crisis Management Manual to prepare for the occurrence of serious risks to corporate management (large-scale accidents, disasters, scandals, troubles, etc.), and takes measures to prevent the occurrence of such problems. In addition, business continuity management (BCM) is implemented to ensure business continuity, and the Business Continuity Plan (BCP) and related manuals are reviewed in a timely manner.

In the event of a serious problem involving the Group, the Director in charge of crisis management promptly convenes a meeting of the CSR Committee to consider countermeasures, and the designated Director properly implements countermeasures.

### Structure to ensure the appropriateness of business operations

We hold the Business Execution Meeting and the Management Meeting, which consist of key officers (including full-time Audit and Supervisory Committee Members), as well as the Joint Management Meeting, which consists of all the Group's officers, based on an annual plan. By regularly reporting on the financial status and other important information of the group companies, we promote communication and exchange of information, and have established a structure to ensure the appropriateness of business operations within the corporate group.

The Group's Directors shall report to the Director in charge of crisis management if any misconduct, or material facts in violation of laws and regulations, the Articles of Incorporation or internal regulations, or other facts of concern with regard to risk management are discovered. In the wake of the report, the Director in charge of crisis management promptly convenes the CSR Committee. After the factual investigation, the Group takes countermeasures to avoid or reduce risks as well as other necessary measures.

The Group complies with all applicable laws and regulations, including the Code of Conduct contained in the MARUYAMA Group Compliance Manual.

#### **Profile of Directors**



Masanobu Ogashira

Representative Director and Chairman

April 1976: Joined the Company December 1997: Director and President, MARUYAMA U.S., INC. October 2001: Assistant to President and Head of Group
Overall Management Office of the Company December 2001 : Director of the Company Head of Corporate Planning Office of the Company

December 2003 : Managing Director of the Company October 2004: Director of Administration Division of the Company
Director of Manufacturing Division, and
General Manager of Chiba Plant of the October 2008: Senior Managing Director, and Director of Administration Division of the Company
October 2009: General Manager of Domestic Sales
Department, and Manager of Overseas
Business Department of the Company
October 2010: Representative Director and President of the

Company
October 2020: Representative Director and Chairman of the

Company (present) Significant concurrent positions
 There are no important concurrent positions.

Number of the Company's shares held: 23,771 shares •Attendance status of the Director during the fiscal year under review Board of Directors meetings: 13 out of 13 (100%)



Takaharu Uchiyama

Representative Director and President

April 1996 : Joined the Company February 2006 : Director and Vice President, MARUYAMA U.S., October 2006 : Director and President, MARUYAMA U.S., INC. Head of Corporate Planning Office of the Company

December 2011: Director of the Company

October 2018: Director of Administration Division of the Company
December 2018 : Managing Director of the Company
October 2020 : Representative Director and President of the Company (present)

Significant concurrent positions Representative Director and Chairman, MARUYAMA EXCELL CO, LTD.

 Number of the Company's shares held: 11.650 shares Attendance status of the Director during the fiscal year Board of Directors meetings: 13 out of 13 (100%)

### Takahiro Ishimura

Senior Managing Director Director of Sales Division, and General Manager of Domestic Sales Department

Joined the Company October 2005: Manager of Volume Retailer Sales
Department of the Company
October 2007: General Manager of Kanto and Koshinetsu Branch of the Company April 2011-Manager of Sales Promotion Department of the Company Director of the Company
Manager of Sales Promotion Overall Management
Department, Sales Division of the Company October 2012: Manager of Sales Promotion Overall Management Department, Sales Division, and Manager of Sales Administration Department of the Company April 2014: Manager of Sales Promotion Overall Management Department, Sales Division of the Company General Manager of Overseas Sales January 2017: Department, and Manager, Sales Promotion Overall Management Department, Sales Division of the Company General Manager of Overseas Sales

April 2017: Department, Sales Division of the Company Managing Director, Director of Sales Division, and General Manager of Domestic Sales October 2020-Department of the Company

Senior Managing Director, Director of Sales Division, and General Manager of Domestic Sales Department of the Company (present) October 2024:

Significant concurrent positions
Representative Director and President, MARUYAMA LOGISTICS CO,INC.
Director and Chairman, MARUYAMA U.S., INC.
Director and Chairman, SIAIAN MARUYAMA (ITALIAND) CO, LTD.
Representative Director and Chairperson, MARUYAMA MFG INDIA PTE.LTD.

Number of the Company's shares held: 7,779 shares

Attendance status of the Director during the fiscal year under review Board of Directors meetings: 13 out of 13 (100%)

### **Profile of Outside Directors**



Atsushi Toki

Outside Director (Audit and Supervisory Committee

April 1983: Attorney (present) December 2001: Outside Auditor of the Company Outside Director, PARCO CO., LTD.
Outside Auditor, Credit Saison Co., Ltd.
Trustee, TOSCO Co., Ltd., under rehabilitation December 2015: Outside Director serving as Audit and Supervisory Committee Member of the Company (present)

● Significant concurrent positions
Outside Auditor, MIDORI ANZEN CO, LTD.
Outside Auditor, NIPPON STEEL TEXENG. CO, LTD
Outside Director, GEOSTR Corporation
Outside Auditor, MIDORI ANZEN HOLDING CO, LTD. Number of the Company's shares held: Nil

 Attendance status of the Director during the fiscal year under review
Board of Directors meetings: 12 out of 13 (92%)
Audit and Supervisory Committee meetings: 13 out of 13



Koichi Fukuchi

Outside Director (Audit and Supervisory Committee

Joined The Norinchukin Bank April 1987: Chief Auditor, Internal Audit Div., The July 2007: Norinchukin Bank Manager, IT & Systems Planning Div., The July 2014: Norinchukin Bank lune 2016: Executive Director, Nochu Information System Co., Ltd.
Executive Director, The Norinchukin Trust & April 2020: Banking Co., Ltd. June 2023-Full-Time Statutory Auditor, Nochu Information System Co., Ltd. (present)
December 2023: Outside Director serving as Audit and Supervisory Committee Member of the Company (present)

Significant concurrent positions
 Full-Time Statutory Auditor, Nochu Information System Co.,

Number of the Company's shares held: Nil Attendance status of the Director during the fiscal year under review Board of Directors meetings: 10 out of 10 (100%) Audit and Supervisory Committee meetings: 10 out of 10

\*Koichi Fukuchi was elected at the 88th Annual Genera Meeting of Shareholders held on December 21, 2023, so his attendance frequency has been lower.



Harumi Ohya

Outside Director (Audit and Supervisory Committee

Joined audit firm Asahi Shinwa & Co. (currently October 1986: KPMG AZSA LLC) Registered as a certified public accountant Joined audit firm Asahi Co. (currently KPMG AZSALLC) May 2007: July 2023: President, Ohva Certified Public Accountant Office (present)

Significant concurrent positions
 There are no important concurrent positions.

Number of the Company's shares held: Nil

 Attendance status of the Director during the fiscal year under review Board of Directors meetings: 0 out of 0 (0%) Audit and Supervisory Committee meetings: 0 out of 0 (0%)

\*Harumi Ohya was elected at the 89th Annual General Meeting of Shareholders held on December 19, 2024, so she has no attendance record.

### Kosuke Ohira

Managing Director Director of Production Division, and General Manager of Chiba Plant

Joined the Company Director and Plant Superintendent, MARUYAMA MFG (THAILAND) CO., LTD. October 2013: Director and Factory Superintendent, NIPPON KREIS CO. LTD. Executive Officer, General Manager of October 2018: Procurement Department of the Company October 2019 : Director of Production Division, and General Manager of Chiba Plant of the Company (present)
December 2019 : Director of the Company

October 2020 : Managing Director of the Company (present) Significant concurrent positions
Representative Director and Chairman, NIPPON KREIS
CO.LTD.

Representative Director and Chairman, and President, SEIBU MARUYAMA CO., INC.

Number of the Company's shares held: 6,342 shares •Attendance status of the Director during the fiscal year under review Board of Directors meetings: 13 out of 13 (100%)



### Makoto Takatori

Managing Director Director of Administration Division

Joined The Fuii Bank, Limited General Manager of Shinjuku-Shintoshin Branch, Mizuho Bank, Ltd. Branch Manager of Kitakyushu Branch, April 2016: Mizuho Bank, Ltd. Manager of Accounting Department of the April 2020: Company
Executive Officer of the Company
October 2020: Director, Administration Division of the
Company (present) December 2020: Director of the Company

October 2024: Managing Director of the Company (present) Significant concurrent positions
There are no important concurrent positions.

Number of the Company's shares held: 3,615 shares Attendance status of the Director during the fiscal year under review Board of Directors meetings: 13 out of 13 (100%)

### **Profile of Outside Directors**



### Hiroyuki Hatano

Outside Director (Full-Time Audit and Supervisory

April 1984: Joined The Fuji Bank, Limited Manager, Management Planning Department, Fuji Investment Management Co., Ltd. Deputy Manager, Business Division No. 8, January 2005: Mizuho Corporate Bank, Ltd. General Manager of Fukuyama Branch, May 2007: Mizuho Bank, Ltd. Manager of General Planning Department. April 2009: Trust & Custody Services Bank, Ltd. General Manager of Kyoto Branch, Mizuho Trust & Banking Co., Ltd. Full-Time Statutory Auditor, Mizuho Trust & Banking Co., Ltd. Director serving as Audit and Supervisory Committee April 2014-June 2017: Member, Mizuho Trust & Banking Co., Ltd.
Member of the Board of Directors, Mizuho
Trust & Banking Co., Ltd. December 2019: Outside Director serving as Audit and Supervisory Committee Member of the Company (present)

Significant concurrent positions
There are no important concurrent positions.

Number of the Company's shares held: Nil

Attendance status of the Director during the fiscal year under review Board of Directors meetings: 13 out of 13 (100%) Audit and Supervisory Committee meetings: 13 out of 13 (100%)

### **Skills Matrix**

	Overall management	International experience	Sales marketing	Technology and production	Personnel and legal affairs	Finance and accounting	Digital technology and IT	Audit
Masanobu Ogashira Representative Director and Chairman	•	•	•	•		•		
Takaharu Uchiyama Representative Director and President	•	•	•	•		•		
Takahiro Ishimura Senior Managing Director Director of Sales Division, and General Manager of Domestic Sales Department		•	•					
Kosuke Ohira Managing Director Director of Production Division, and General Manager of Chiba Plant		•		•				
Makoto Takatori Managing Director Director of Administration Division			•		•	•	•	
Hiroyuki Hatano Outside Director (Full-Time Audit and Supervisory Committee Member)	•				•	•		•
Atsushi Toki Outside Director (Audit and Supervisory Committee Member)	•				•	•		•
Koichi Fukuchi Outside Director (Audit and Supervisory Committee Member)	•					•	•	•
Harumi Ohya Outside Director (Audit and Supervisory Committee Member)						•		•

### **Consolidated Financial Summary (6 Years)**

Fiscal year ended   Fis		Fiscal year ended					
Net sales (millions of yen)         36,177         34,895         37,503         39,639         41,426         40,006           Operating income (millions of yen)         434         852         1,387         1,521         1,732         1,168           Ordinary income (millions of yen)         399         763         1,302         1,635         1,726         1,109           Profit attributable to owners of parent (millions of yen)         301         648         855         1,158         1,218         597           Net cally provided by (used in) operating activities (millions of yen)         321         4,602         1,927         2,418         △284         214           Net cally provided by (used in) operating activities (millions of yen)         △398         3,773         866         1,632         △2,018         △1,454           Free cash flow (millions of yen)         △398         3,773         866         1,632         △2,302         △1,240           Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities (millions of yen)         215         △1,786         △998         △1,114         1,619         1,504           Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities (millions of yen)         215         △1,786         △998         △1,114         1,619         1,504           Net a		-	•	•	•	•	•
Operating income (millions of yen)         434         852         1,387         1,521         1,732         1,168           Ordinary income (millions of yen)         399         763         1,302         1,635         1,726         1,109           Profit attributable to owners of parent (millions of yen)         301         648         855         1,158         1,218         597           Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities (millions of yen)         321         4,602         1,927         2,418         △284         214           Het cash provided by (used in) operating activities (millions of yen)         △719         △829         △1,061         △786         △2,018         △1,454           Free cash flow (millions of yen)         △398         3,773         866         1,632         △2,302         △1,240           Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities (millions of yen)         2,107         4,124         4,012         4,658         4,003         4,431           Capital investments (millions of yen)         865         947         1,042         875         1,826         1,565           Depreciation (millions of yen)         1,238         1,107         1,025         1,045         1,031         1,109           Research and development expenses (millions o	Fiscal year						
Ordinary income (millions of yen)         399         763         1,302         1,635         1,726         1,109           Profit attributable to owners of parent (millions of yen)         301         648         855         1,158         1,218         597           Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities (millions of yen)         321         4,602         1,927         2,418         △284         214           Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities (millions of yen)         △398         3,773         866         1,632         △2,302         △1,240           Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities (millions of yen)         215         △1,786         △998         △1,114         1,619         1,504           Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the fiscal year (millions of yen)         2,107         4,124         4,012         4,658         4,003         4,431           Capital investments (millions of yen)         865         947         1,042         875         1,826         1,565           Depreciation (millions of yen)         1,238         1,107         1,025         1,045         1,031         1,109           Research and development expenses (millions of yen)         15,495         16,042         16,989         17,699         19,466         19,830	Net sales (millions of yen)	36,177	34,895	37,503	39,639	41,426	40,006
Profit attributable to owners of parent (millions of yen)         301         648         855         1,158         1,218         597           Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities (millions of yen)         321         4,602         1,927         2,418         △284         214           Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities (millions of yen)         △398         3,773         866         1,632         △2,302         △1,240           Net cash provided by (used in) invascing activities (millions of yen)         215         △1,786         △998         △1,114         1,619         1,504           Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the fiscal year (millions of yen)         2,107         4,124         4,012         4,658         4,003         4,431           Capital investments (millions of yen)         865         947         1,042         875         1,826         1,565           Depreciation (millions of yen)         1,238         1,107         1,025         1,045         1,031         1,109           Research and development expenses (millions of yen)         15,495         16,042         16,989         17,699         19,466         19,830           Total assets (millions of yen)         15,495         16,042         16,989         17,699         19,466         19,830	Operating income (millions of yen)	434	852	1,387	1,521	1,732	1,168
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities (millions of yen)         321         4,602         1,927         2,418         △284         214           Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities (millions of yen)         △719         △829         △1,061         △786         △2,018         △1,454           Free cash flow (millions of yen)         △398         3,773         866         1,632         △2,302         △1,240           Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities (millions of yen)         215         △1,786         △998         △1,114         1,619         1,504           Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the fiscal year (millions of yen)         2,107         4,124         4,012         4,658         4,003         4,431           Capital investments (millions of yen)         865         947         1,042         875         1,826         1,565           Depreciation (millions of yen)         1,238         1,107         1,025         1,045         1,031         1,109           Research and development expenses (millions of yen)         1,5495         16,042         16,989         17,699         19,466         19,830           Total assets (millions of yen)         32,894         32,733         34,154         34,459         36,733         38,706	Ordinary income (millions of yen)	399	763	1,302	1,635	1,726	1,109
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities (millions of yen)         △719         △829         △1,061         △786         △2,018         △1,454           Free cash flow (millions of yen)         △398         3,773         866         1,632         △2,302         △1,240           Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities (millions of yen)         215         △1,786         △998         △1,114         1,619         1,504           Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the fiscal year (millions of yen)         2,107         4,124         4,012         4,658         4,003         4,431           Capital investments (millions of yen)         865         947         1,042         875         1,826         1,565           Depreciation (millions of yen)         1,238         1,107         1,025         1,045         1,031         1,109           Research and development expenses (millions of yen)         1,148         251         246         330         479         497           Fiscal year-end         15,495         16,042         16,989         17,699         19,466         19,830           Total assets (millions of yen)         32,894         32,733         34,154         34,459         36,733         38,706           Interest-bearing debts (millions of yen)	Profit attributable to owners of parent (millions of yen)	301	648	855	1,158	1,218	597
Free cash flow (millions of yen)         △ 398         3,773         866         1,632         △ 2,302         △ 1,240           Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities (millions of yen)         215         △ 1,786         △ 998         △ 1,114         1,619         1,504           Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the fiscal year (millions of yen)         2,107         4,124         4,012         4,658         4,003         4,431           Capital investments (millions of yen)         865         947         1,042         875         1,826         1,565           Depreciation (millions of yen)         1,238         1,107         1,025         1,045         1,031         1,109           Research and development expenses (millions of yen)         1,148         251         246         330         479         497           Fiscal year-end         Net assets (millions of yen)         15,495         16,042         16,989         17,699         19,466         19,830           Total assets (millions of yen)         32,894         32,733         34,154         34,459         36,733         38,706           Interest-bearing debts (millions of yen)         5,410         3,887         3,732,74         3,977.04         4,493.29         4,764.79	Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities (millions of yen)	321	4,602	1,927	2,418	△284	214
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities (millions of yen)         215         △1,786         △998         △1,114         1,619         1,504           Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the fiscal year (millions of yen)         2,107         4,124         4,012         4,658         4,003         4,431           Capital investments (millions of yen)         865         947         1,042         875         1,826         1,565           Depreciation (millions of yen)         1,238         1,107         1,025         1,045         1,031         1,109           Research and development expenses (millions of yen)         1,148         251         246         330         479         497           Fiscal year-end           Net assets (millions of yen)         15,495         16,042         16,989         17,699         19,466         19,830           Total assets (millions of yen)         32,894         32,733         34,154         34,459         36,733         38,706           Interest-bearing debts (millions of yen)         5,410         3,873         3,383         2,825         4,985         7,263           Per share information           Net assets per share (yen)         3,260.51         3,389,78         3,732.74         3,	Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities (millions of yen)	△719	△829	△1,061	△786	△2,018	△1,454
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the fiscal year (millions of yen)         2,107         4,124         4,012         4,658         4,003         4,431           Capital investments (millions of yen)         865         947         1,042         875         1,826         1,565           Depreciation (millions of yen)         1,238         1,107         1,025         1,045         1,031         1,109           Research and development expenses (millions of yen)         1,148         251         246         330         479         497           Fiscal year-end           Net assets (millions of yen)         15,495         16,042         16,989         17,699         19,466         19,830           Total assets (millions of yen)         32,894         32,733         34,154         34,459         36,733         38,706           Interest-bearing debts (millions of yen)         5,410         3,873         3,383         2,825         4,985         7,263           Per share information           Net assets per share (yen)         3,260.51         3,389.78         3,732.74         3,977.04         4,493.29         4,764.79           Net income per share (yen)         62.42         136.35         183.10         256.58         276.74         <	Free cash flow (millions of yen)	△398	3,773	866	1,632	△2,302	△1,240
Capital investments (millions of yen)         865         947         1,042         875         1,826         1,565           Depreciation (millions of yen)         1,238         1,107         1,025         1,045         1,031         1,109           Research and development expenses (millions of yen)         1,148         251         246         330         479         497           Fiscal year-end           Net assets (millions of yen)         15,495         16,042         16,989         17,699         19,466         19,830           Total assets (millions of yen)         32,894         32,733         34,154         34,459         36,733         38,706           Interest-bearing debts (millions of yen)         5,410         3,873         3,383         2,825         4,985         7,263           Per share information           Net assets per share (yen)         3,260.51         3,389.78         3,732.74         3,977.04         4,493.29         4,764.79           Net income per share (yen)         62.42         136.35         183.10         256.58         276.74         141.36           Diluted net income per share (yen)         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         - <t< td=""><td>Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities (millions of yen)</td><td>215</td><td>△1,786</td><td>△998</td><td>△1,114</td><td>1,619</td><td>1,504</td></t<>	Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities (millions of yen)	215	△1,786	△998	△1,114	1,619	1,504
Depreciation (millions of yen)         1,238         1,107         1,025         1,045         1,031         1,109           Research and development expenses (millions of yen)         1,148         251         246         330         479         497           Fiscal year-end         Net assets (millions of yen)         15,495         16,042         16,989         17,699         19,466         19,830           Total assets (millions of yen)         32,894         32,733         34,154         34,459         36,733         38,706           Interest-bearing debts (millions of yen)         5,410         3,873         3,383         2,825         4,985         7,263           Per share information         Net assets per share (yen)         3,260.51         3,389.78         3,732.74         3,977.04         4,493.29         4,764.79           Net income per share (yen)         62.42         136.35         183.10         256.58         276.74         141.36           Diluted net income per share (yen)         -	Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the fiscal year (millions of yen)	2,107	4,124	4,012	4,658	4,003	4,431
Research and development expenses (millions of yen)         1,148         251         246         330         479         497           Fiscal year-end           Net assets (millions of yen)         15,495         16,042         16,989         17,699         19,466         19,830           Total assets (millions of yen)         32,894         32,733         34,154         34,459         36,733         38,706           Interest-bearing debts (millions of yen)         5,410         3,873         3,383         2,825         4,985         7,263           Per share information         Net assets per share (yen)         3,260.51         3,389.78         3,732.74         3,977.04         4,493.29         4,764.79           Net income per share (yen)         62.42         136.35         183.10         256.58         276.74         141.36           Diluted net income per share (yen)         -	Capital investments (millions of yen)	865	947	1,042	875	1,826	1,565
Fiscal year-end         Net assets (millions of yen)       15,495       16,042       16,989       17,699       19,466       19,830         Total assets (millions of yen)       32,894       32,733       34,154       34,459       36,733       38,706         Interest-bearing debts (millions of yen)       5,410       3,873       3,383       2,825       4,985       7,263         Per share information         Net assets per share (yen)       3,260.51       3,389.78       3,732.74       3,977.04       4,493.29       4,764.79         Net income per share (yen)       62.42       136.35       183.10       256.58       276.74       141.36         Diluted net income per share (yen)       -	Depreciation (millions of yen)	1,238	1,107	1,025	1,045	1,031	1,109
Net assets (millions of yen)         15,495         16,042         16,989         17,699         19,466         19,830           Total assets (millions of yen)         32,894         32,733         34,154         34,459         36,733         38,706           Interest-bearing debts (millions of yen)         5,410         3,873         3,383         2,825         4,985         7,263           Per share information           Net assets per share (yen)         3,260.51         3,389.78         3,732.74         3,977.04         4,493.29         4,764.79           Net income per share (yen)         62.42         136.35         183.10         256.58         276.74         141.36           Diluted net income per share (yen)         - <td>Research and development expenses (millions of yen)</td> <td>1,148</td> <td>251</td> <td>246</td> <td>330</td> <td>479</td> <td>497</td>	Research and development expenses (millions of yen)	1,148	251	246	330	479	497
Total assets (millions of yen)         32,894         32,733         34,154         34,459         36,733         38,706           Interest-bearing debts (millions of yen)         5,410         3,873         3,383         2,825         4,985         7,263           Per share information           Net assets per share (yen)         3,260.51         3,389.78         3,732.74         3,977.04         4,493.29         4,764.79           Net income per share (yen)         62.42         136.35         183.10         256.58         276.74         141.36           Diluted net income per share (yen)         - <td>Fiscal year-end</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Fiscal year-end						
Interest-bearing debts (millions of yen)   5,410   3,873   3,383   2,825   4,985   7,263	Net assets (millions of yen)	15,495	16,042	16,989	17,699	19,466	19,830
Per share information         Net assets per share (yen)       3,260.51       3,389.78       3,732.74       3,977.04       4,493.29       4,764.79         Net income per share (yen)       62.42       136.35       183.10       256.58       276.74       141.36         Diluted net income per share (yen)       - <td>Total assets (millions of yen)</td> <td>32,894</td> <td>32,733</td> <td>34,154</td> <td>34,459</td> <td>36,733</td> <td>38,706</td>	Total assets (millions of yen)	32,894	32,733	34,154	34,459	36,733	38,706
Net assets per share (yen)         3,260.51         3,389.78         3,732.74         3,977.04         4,493.29         4,764.79           Net income per share (yen)         62.42         136.35         183.10         256.58         276.74         141.36           Diluted net income per share (yen)         -	Interest-bearing debts (millions of yen)	5,410	3,873	3,383	2,825	4,985	7,263
Net income per share (yen)         62.42         136.35         183.10         256.58         276.74         141.36           Diluted net income per share (yen)         —         —         —         —         —         —         —           Key indicators         Equity ratio (%)         47.1         49.0         49.7         51.1         52.7         50.8           Return on equity (%)         1.9         4.0         5.0         6.6         6.3         3.0           Price earnings ratio (times)         19.3         10.3         8.7         5.7         8.2         17.0           Dividend payout ratio (%)         56.1         25.7         23.5         21.4         27.1         53.0	Per share information						
Diluted net income per share (yen)         -	Net assets per share (yen)	3,260.51	3,389.78	3,732.74	3,977.04	4,493.29	4,764.79
Key indicators       Equity ratio (%)     47.1     49.0     49.7     51.1     52.7     50.8       Return on equity (%)     1.9     4.0     5.0     6.6     6.3     3.0       Price earnings ratio (times)     19.3     10.3     8.7     5.7     8.2     17.0       Dividend payout ratio (%)     56.1     25.7     23.5     21.4     27.1     53.0	Net income per share (yen)	62.42	136.35	183.10	256.58	276.74	141.36
Equity ratio (%)         47.1         49.0         49.7         51.1         52.7         50.8           Return on equity (%)         1.9         4.0         5.0         6.6         6.3         3.0           Price earnings ratio (times)         19.3         10.3         8.7         5.7         8.2         17.0           Dividend payout ratio (%)         56.1         25.7         23.5         21.4         27.1         53.0	Diluted net income per share (yen)	-	-	_	-	-	-
Return on equity (%)         1.9         4.0         5.0         6.6         6.3         3.0           Price earnings ratio (times)         19.3         10.3         8.7         5.7         8.2         17.0           Dividend payout ratio (%)         56.1         25.7         23.5         21.4         27.1         53.0	Key indicators						
Price earnings ratio (times)         19.3         10.3         8.7         5.7         8.2         17.0           Dividend payout ratio (%)         56.1         25.7         23.5         21.4         27.1         53.0	Equity ratio (%)	47.1	49.0	49.7	51.1	52.7	50.8
Dividend payout ratio (%) 56.1 25.7 23.5 21.4 27.1 53.0	Return on equity (%)	1.9	4.0	5.0	6.6	6.3	3.0
	Price earnings ratio (times)	19.3	10.3	8.7	5.7	8.2	17.0
Total shareholder return (%) 53.8 119.2 138.9 131.8 205.0 231.9	Dividend payout ratio (%)	56.1	25.7	23.5	21.4	27.1	53.0
	Total shareholder return (%)	53.8	119.2	138.9	131.8	205.0	231.9

### Non-Financial Summary (5 Years)

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		Fiscal year ended September 2020	•	Fiscal year ended September 2022	•	•
Electricity consumption	kWh	_	7,205,157	7,724,123	7,173,548	7,040,385
$Number of employees (MARUYAMA\ Manufacturing\ Group\ in\ Japan\ and\ overseas)$	Total/persons	928	917	952	968	1,006
Number of employees (including domestic group companies)	Total/persons	844	835	839	851	893
	Male/persons	658	645	652	659	697
	Female/persons	186	190	187	192	196
Number of overseas employees	Persons	84	82	113	117	113
Ratio of overseas employees	%	9.1	8.9	11.9	12.1	12.7
Number of female managers (MARUYAMA Manufacturing Group in Japan and overseas)	Persons	5	5	5	5	7
Training expenses (education expenses)	(10,000 yen)	5,641	4,241	4,557	7,084	8,813

### Investor Relations Information (as of September 30, 2024)

#### Stock information

13,906,100 shares Total number of authorized shares Total number of issued shares 5,029,332 shares (including 900,717 treasury shares) Number of shares per unit 100 shares Number of shareholders 7,924 persons

#### Major shareholders (top 11)

Name of shareholder		Number of shares held (thousand shares)	Shareholding ratio (%)
MARUYAMA MFG. Sup Shareholding Associati	•	274	6.65
Mizuho Bank, Ltd.		210	5.08
The Norinchukin Bank		205	4.97
MARUYAMA MFG. Emp Shareholding Associati	•	165	4.01
The Chiba Kogyo Bank,	Ltd.	162	3.93
The Master Trust Bank of J	apan, Ltd. (trust account)	111	2.70
Kubota Corporation		95	2.31
Mizuho Trust & Banking	g Co., Ltd.	90	2.17
Sumitomo Mitsui Trust	Bank, Limited	73	1.77
Makita Corporation		70	1.69
Meiji Yasuda Life Insura	ance Company	70	1.69

(Notes) 1. The Company holds treasury shares (809,817 shares), which are not included in the above table. In addition, an employee stock ownership plan (J-FSOP) has been introduced, and the Company's 90,900 shares held by Custody Bank of Japan, Ltd. (number of trust accounts) as the trust property pertaining to the plan have been included in our treasury shares and thereby is not included in the above table. 2. The shareholding ratio is calculated by deducting treasury shares (900,717 shares).

Determination date of shareholders receiving dividends: September 30

Record date: September 30

Annual General Meeting of Shareholders: December

Shareholder registry administrator Special account management institution Mizuho Trust & Banking Co., Ltd.

### Corporate Profile (as of September 30, 2024)

MARUYAMA MFG. CO., INC.

Head Office location 3-4-15 Uchikanda Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo 101-0047,

Founding 1895: MARUYAMA Shokai was founded.

Establishment 1937: MARUYAMA Shokai was reorganized and renamed to MARUYAMA MFG. CO., INC.

Capital 4,651 million yen

Business description

Distribution bases

Market Tokyo Stock Exchange Standard Market

(Securities Code: 6316)

Fiscal year From October 1 to September 30 of the

following year

machinery (pest control machinery, forestry machinery, etc.), Environmental hygiene equipment, fire fighting machinery, industrial

Manufacturing and sales of agricultural

machinery, cleaning machinery, construction machinery, motors, automobiles, and other

agricultural vehicles

Contract for design and construction of pipes and fire-fighting facilities

Real estate leasing

**Production sites** 4 locations

Togane City, Chiba Prefecture (2 locations), Suzaka City, Nagano Prefecture, Tomata-gun,

Okayama Prefecture

Sales sites 25 locations nationwide

Hokkaido (Ebetsu, and Obihiro), Aomori, Iwate, Akita, Yamagata, Miyagi, Fukushima, Ibaraki, Tochigi, Chiba, Niigata, Nagano, Yamanashi, Ishikawa, Aichi, Shizuoka, Osaka, Hiroshima, Okayama, Kagawa, Fukuoka, Kumamoto,

Kagoshima, and Miyazaki

3 locations Fukushima, Chiba, and Okayama Prefectures

Consolidated subsidiaries NIPPON KREIS CO.,LTD.

MARUYAMA EXCELL CO.,LTD. MARUYAMA U.S., INC. SEIBU MARUYAMA CO., INC. MARUYAMA LOGISTICS CO.,INC. M-Innovations CO.,LTD.

Futaba Shoji Co., Ltd. MARUYAMA MFG (THAILAND) CO., LTD.

MARUYAMA (SHANGHAI) TRADING CO., INC. ASIAN MARUYAMA (THAILAND) CO., LTD.

MARUYAMA MFG INDIA PTE. LTD.

(Note) M-Innovations CO.,LTD. is included in the scope of consolidation from the fiscal year under review due to its new establishment; MARUYAMA MFG INDIA PTE. LTD. is also included due to its increased importance

### **Overseas Bases**



MARUYAMA U.S., INC. Sales of agricultural and forestry machinery mainly in North America

MARUYAMA (SHANGHAI) TRADING CO., INC. Sales of agricultural and forestry machinery to the Chinese market

MARUYAMA VIETNAM CO., LTD. Development, research, and testing of products for the Vietnam and Asian markets

MARUYAMA MFG INDIA PTE. LTD. Manufacturing and sales of products to the Indian market



MARUYAMA MFG (THAILAND) CO., LTD.

ASIAN MARUYAMA (THAILAND) CO., LTD. Manufacturing and sales of agricultural and forestry machinery Sales mainly to the Southeast Asian markets



https://www.maruyama.co.jp/english/

